Infectious Disease and Environmental Health Report: January – June, 2015

Part 1: Mandatory Reporting											
1a) Confirmed Cases of Mandatory Reportable Diseases								Top 3 diseases for each disease category (Jan - June 2015):			
How It's Spread		2012	2013	2014		Jan-Jun 2015	Jul – Dec 2015	Respiratory/Direct Contact: 1. Influenza			
Respiratory or Direct Contact		1246	961	12	231	986	-	Latent (non-infectious) tuberculosis Invasive Streptococcus pneumoniae			
Enteric, Foodborne & Waterborne		293	274	30	01	133	-	Enteric, Foodborne & Waterborne:			
Vectorborne and Zoonotic Diseases		35	24	1	1	5	-	Salmonellosis Campylobacter enteritis			
Sexually Transmitted & Bloodborne Infections		2100	1951	1 18	399	975	-	3. Giardiasis Vectorborne and Zoonotic:			
Other		31	24	3	35	< 5	-	Malaria (travel-related) Lyme disease (1 case with no travel)			
1b) Confirmed	s Repo	portable to Public Health					3. n/a				
Type of Outbreak		2012	2013	3 20)14	Jan-Jun 2015	Jul – Dec 2015	Sexually Transmitted/Bloodborne: 1. Chlamydial infections			
Commun	Community		2		8	0	-	Hepatitis C Gonorrhea			
Institutional ¹		95	131	1 107		106	-	¹ See Part 4 below for a detailed explanation of the increase in institutional outbreaks observed between January and June, 2015			
Part 2: Enviror	Part 2: Environmental Health										
2a) Mandatory	/ Program	Service	es					² Animal bites typically happen in the summertime (Q3). Therefore, the			
Programs	Areas		2012	2013	2014	Jan-Jun 2015	Jul – Dec 2015	number of animal bites has likely not decreased this year, when compared to previous years.			
Vectorborne	Animal E	Animal Bites ²		1348	1433	607	-	The number of ticks submitted for species identification between			
Disease	Ticks Submitted ³		88	373	146	289	-	January and June 2015 has increased compared to previous years. This is believed to be due to an increase in public awareness of black-legged			
Food	Special Events		62	67	76	32	-	ticks and Lyme disease.			
	Food Handler Certifications		2485	2856	2696	1451	-	⁴ The new Food Safety Inspection Disclosure program (Red Signs Posted) came into effect in January 2014. Data were not available for this			
	Red Signs Posted ⁴		n/a	n/a	26	12	-	service in 2012 and 2013.			
Health	Heat Alerts		6	2	3	0	-				
Hazards	Cold Alerts		3	7	13	8	-				

For more detailed information please refer to the Technical Notes in Appendix B

Infectious Disease and Environmental Health Report: January - June, 2015

2b) Inspection and Enforcement	ent			5 Changes to the Smalle Free Ontario Act (SEOA) in January 2015		
Categories	2012 2013		2014	Jan-Jun 2015	Jul – Dec 2015	⁵ Changes to the Smoke-Free Ontario Act (SFOA) in January 2015 resulted in increased inspections and enforcement for the Tobacco
Smoke Free Ontario Act inspections (legal enforcement) ⁵	1625	1823	1760	947	-	Enforcement group. Further regulatory changes to the SFOA and the introduction of the Electronic Cigarettes Act scheduled for January 1, 2016 are expected to result in increased inspections and enforcement.
City of Hamilton By-law #11-080 Prohibiting Smoking within City Owned Parks and Recreation Property	37	46	56	18	-	⁶ Food inspections are projected to be increased in 2015, compared to previous years, due to the Pan Am games in Hamilton.
Food ⁶	6426	6326	6524	3476	-	⁷ In Q3/Q4 2012, retirement home nursing inspections transitioned to the
Water	715	811	885	417	-	province and no longer required PHS Nurse inspections (due to the change in the Retirement Homes Act). PHS continues to inspect
Residential Care Facilities ⁷	663	576	567	323	-	retirement homes for food safety and environmental conditions, so there
Personal Service Settings	979	851	946	418	-	are now fewer RCFs for nurses to inspect.
Day Cares ⁸	475	491	558	316	-	⁸ In anticipation of the Pan Am games, routine day care inspections and
Other (e.g. funeral homes etc)	170	166	225	110	-	re-inspections were completed.
Other (e.g. funeral homes etc)	170	166	225	110	-	re-inspections were completed.

Part 3: Workload

3a) Complaints

Ja) Complaints							
Categories	2012	2013	2014	Jan-Jun 2015	Jul – Dec 2015		
Smoke Free Ontario Act	285	242	241	214	-		
City of Hamilton By-law #11-080 Prohibiting Smoking within City Owned Parks and Recreation Property ⁹	133	111	32	21	-		
Food	383	402	415	180	-		
Water	39	46	47	24	-		
Vectorborne Disease	16	52	6	3	-		
Infection Control	46	122	119	63	-		
Health Hazards	1128	1066	1250	559	-		

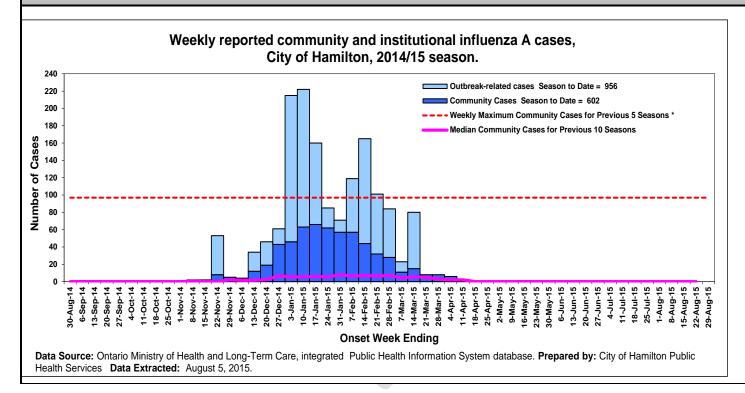
⁹ Tobacco Enforcement has experienced a reduction in the number of complaints received for the City of Hamilton By-law #11-080 during the past 18 months. The 2012/13 statistics reflect the time when the By-law was introduced. Since that time, all City parks and recreation properties have been signed, and cooperation between Public Health Services and other City departments and divisions (like Public Works, Culture, and Recreation) has increased to further educate and raise awareness about the By-law among staff and the public. Ongoing seasonal By-law communications have also been used to promote smoke-free City park and recreation properties.

Infectious Disease and Environmental Health Report: January - June, 2015

3b) Education, Requests for Non-Routine Inspections, Consults, Referrals							
Categories	2012	2013	2014	Jan-Jun 2015	Jul – Dec 2015		
Food ¹⁰	293	311	378	229	-		
Water	484	478	547	252	-		
Vectorborne Disease	40	28	56	26	-		
Infection Control	536	444	409	209	-		
Health Hazard	286	316	234	115	-		

There was an increase in food trucks asking for inspections this year. This increase is likely due to preparation for the Pan Am games in Hamilton.

Part 4: Unusual Occurrences



¹ There was a large increase in respiratory disease and institutional outbreak activity this year due to influenza (A). This increase was due to a mismatch between the seasonal influenza vaccination and the strain of influenza that was circulating this past season.