

INFORMATION REPORT

то:	Chair and Members General Issues Committee
DATE:	August 14, 2017
SUBJECT/REPORT NO:	Post-Employment Restrictions – Elected Officials Report (LS17026) (City Wide) (Outstanding Business List Item)
WARD(S) AFFECTED:	City Wide
PREPARED BY:	Lisa Pasternak Solicitor, ext 7292
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SIGNATURE:	

COUNCIL DIRECTION:

At the June 7th, 2017 General Issues Committee, the following direction was approved:

(ii) Policy respecting a Post Employment (Cooling Off) Period for Retired and Current Elected Officials (10.3)

That staff be directed to review the feasibility of implementing a 2 year Post Employment (cooling off) period for retired and current elected officials between the time of retirement / leaving the City of Hamilton and being able to attend at the City as a lobbyist, and report back to the General Issues Committee.

INFORMATION:

Previous Council Consideration of Post-Employment Restrictions

Council considered post-employment restrictions on staff and members of Council in 2014. This resulted in thefollowing amendment to the Code of Conduct for Employees. Employment contracts for the positions designated in the amendment now include post-employment restrictions.

Post-Employment Restrictions

Employees who leave the employment of the City areexpected to maintain discretion and ensure that sensitiveinformation obtained during the course of their employmentremains confidential.

Employees in senior level positions, in addition to otheridentified positions, that are entrusted with high levels ofauthority and influence; power of approval orrecommendation; visibility; access to confidential information; and intimate knowledge of City processes, may be subject tospecific post-employment restrictions for a period of timefollowing employment with the City, which is specified withinindividual employment contracts.

Post-Employment Restrictions for Elected Officials

The expectation that members of Council who leave office are to maintain discretion and ensure that sensitive information obtained while they were in office remains confidential, as is required of employees in the Employee Code of Conduct, can be added to the Council Code of Conduct. However, the Council Code of Conduct can only be enforced with respect to sitting members of Council, not those who have left office. In addition, members of Council do not have an employment contract through which specific post-employment restrictions could be enforced.

Section 223.9(3)7 of the *Municipal Act* authorizes the City to prohibit former public office holders from lobbying current public office holders for a period of time specified in its Lobbyist Registry By-law. The City's Lobbyist Registry By-law defines public office holders as:

- (a) a member of Council and any person on his or her staff; and
- (b) an employee of the City who is a member of the City's Senior Management Team;

TheLobbyist Registry By-law requiresthat public office holders, both members of Council and senior staff, register if they lobby post-employment. However, the prohibition on lobbyingauthorized under s. 223.9(3)7 is not included. This prohibitioncould be added, by means of an amendment to the Lobbyist Registry By-law.Section 223.9(3)7 does not prescribe a period of time for a prohibition, leaving that to the municipality. Brampton, Peel, Toronto and Vaughan all have a 12 month prohibition, as does the Province of Ontario.

OUR Vision: To be the best place to raise a child and age successfully.

OUR Culture: Collective Ownership, Steadfast Integrity, Courageous Change, Sensational Service, Engaged Empowered Employees.

OUR Mission: To provide high quality cost conscious public services that contribute to a healthy, safe and prosperous community, in a sustainable manner.