





The Guide is for **all** Investors - including Current Landowners, Builders and Land Developers



Planning for Growth and Change (intensification) should be based on **Zero Displacement** of existing populations (except by their choice)



The City needs to **Co-invest in the Public Realm** and Greenspace

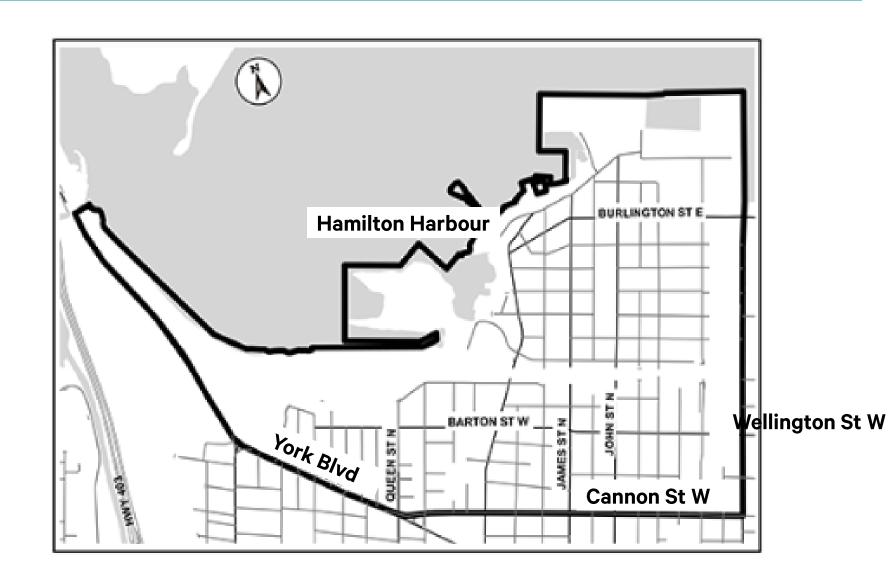


The Guide ensures that **increasing land values** resulting from public investment are **captured by both** those coming to invest in the West Harbour and those already living here



Facilitative and accessible **Zoning** is required for All Properties

### Hamilton's West Harbour



### Hamilton's West Harbour



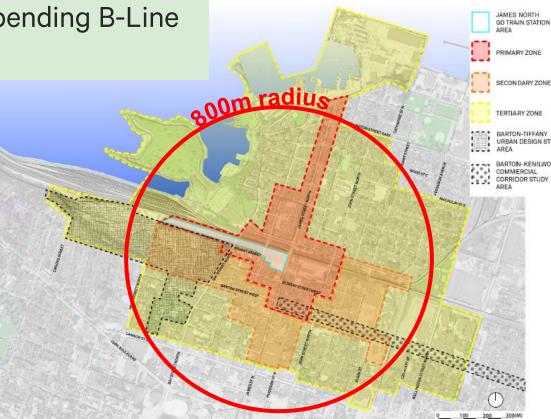
**West Harbour Precinct Looking South-East** 

### **Presentation Outline**

- Why an Investment Guide?
- West Harbour Heritage
- Opportunities & Challenges
- Planning & Zoning Frameworks
- Where to Invest?
- How to Invest?
- Next Steps



The West Harbour Precinct is **poised for Major Growth and Change**since the West Harbour Go-Station
opened in 2015 and the pending B-Line
LRT in 2022.





Relatively few developer-led projects have been put forward. However, resident owner-investors continue to renovate, expand or replace their properties.

Growth + Change is already taking place with the opening of the West Harbour GO-Station.

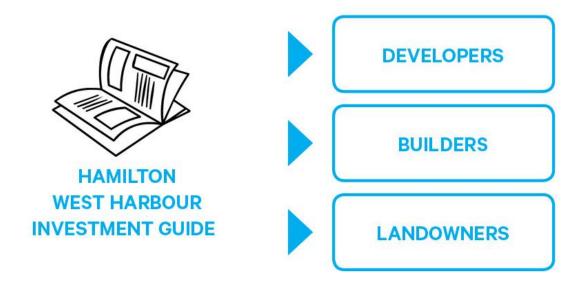


This will increase with the opening of the proposed Hamilton LRT in 2022, linking West Harbour with the surrounding Region.

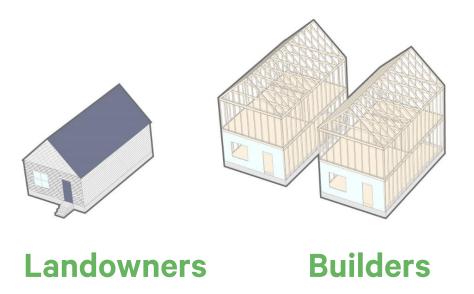


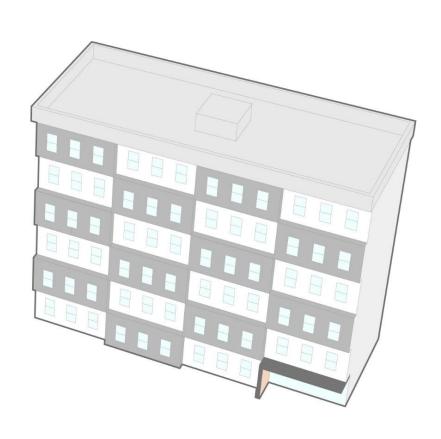
The purpose of the Guide is to make potential investors aware of opportunities and to direct them to sources of information and contacts in the City of Hamilton.

#### Who are the investors?



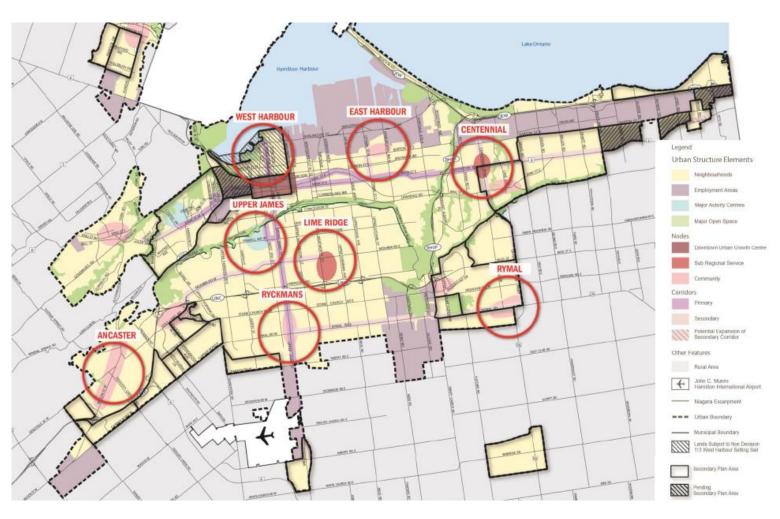
#### What do they build?



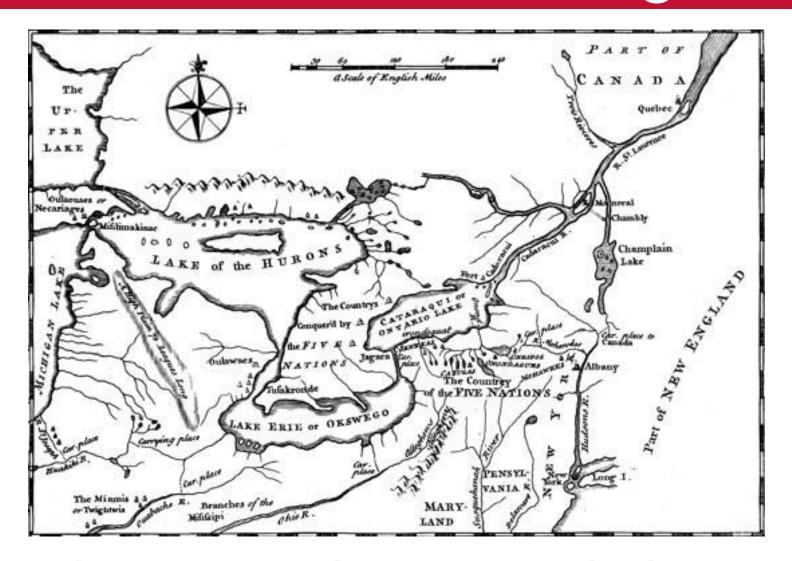


**Developers** 

#### A Model For Investment Elsewhere in Hamilton







Hamilton's West Harbour is steeped in history.

The development of
Hamilton began in the West
Harbour, where a large
stream flowed into the Bay.



Early industries were established close to the Port and new Rail Facilities and provided the roots for the Hamilton's growth as a major Industrial Centre.



Much of the West Harbour was "developed" over the last 200 years largely by individual Owner-Builders

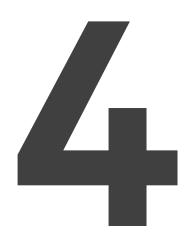


Hamilton is located in the centre of the most densely populated corridor of economic activity in Canada.

Hamilton has a highly skilled, well educated and productive labour force of over 1 million people.



Acres of employment lands are available.



Hamilton is a Transportation Hub for the Goods Movement Industry.



Hamilton's Agricultural sector generates \$1.26 billion a year for the local economy.



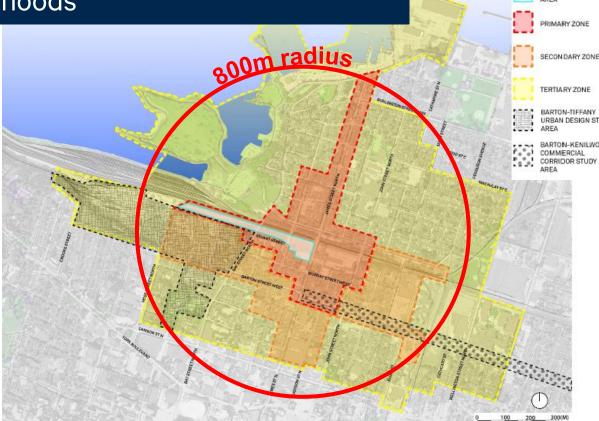
**McMaster University** consistently ranks as one of Canada's top 3 most research-intensive universities. **Mohawk College** is the largest trainer of apprentices in Ontario.

Hamilton Health Sciences employs nearly 10,000 people and is comprised of six unique hospitals and a Cancer Centre.



Hamilton has one of the strongest young professional networks in Canada (Hamilton Hive).

The opening of the West Harbour Go-Transit Hub and the proposed new LRT Service (2022) has raised, and will continue to raise, land values in the Jamesville and Beasley Neighbourhoods

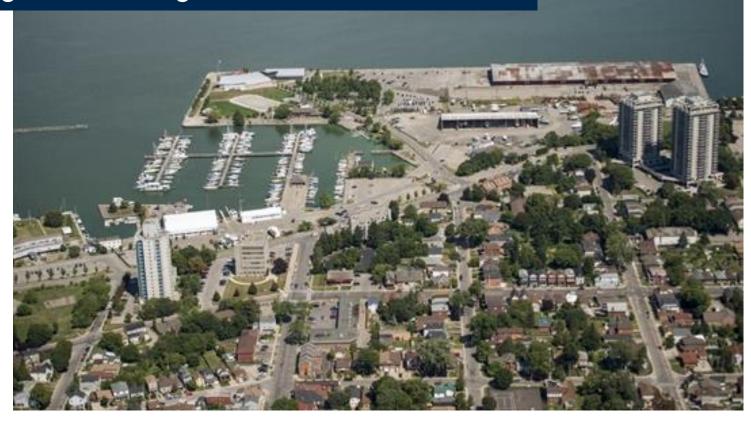


GO TRAIN STATION

Access to Metrolinx Service is likely to encourage significant new investment in development - especially within walking distance of the Go-Station + LRT B-Line



The Investment Guide is intended to ensure that increased land values may be captured by both those coming to invest in the West Harbour and those already living in these Neighbourhoods



## The Challenge

#### The West Harbour combines the need to plan for:

**Not only** the rapid growth and intensification associated with the new West Harbour Go-Transit Hub and LRT B-Line

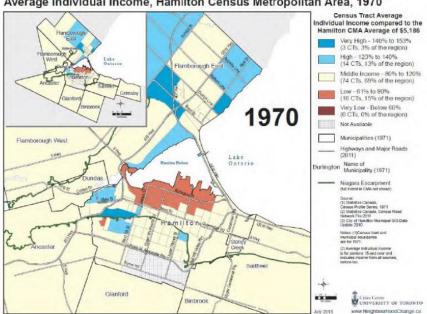
**But also** the socio-economic and housing needs of adjacent neighbourhoods in order to reduce their displacement through gentrification



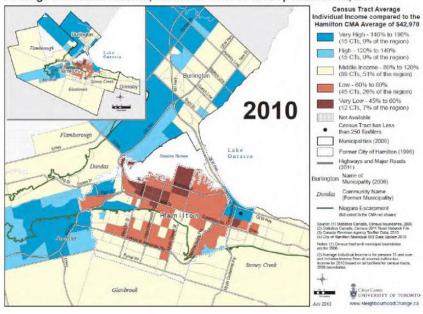
## The Challenge

The West Harbour was already designated as a "Priority Neighbourhood"- one trending towards increasing poverty





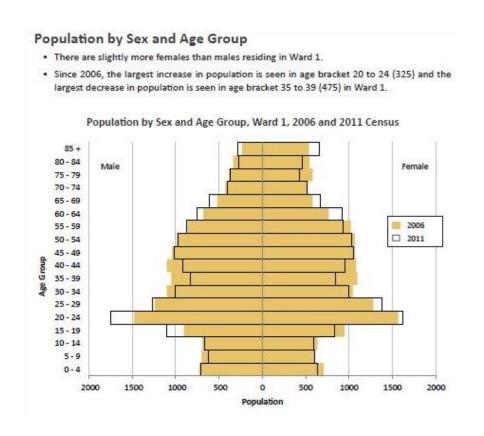
#### Average Individual Income, Hamilton Census Metropolitan Area, 2010



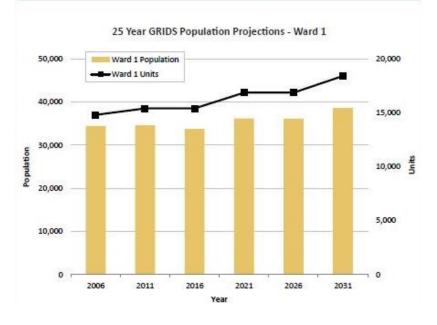
# The Opportunity

## **Beasley Neighbourhood**

The socio-economic and housing needs of adjacent neighbourhoods



#### 25 Year GRIDS Population Projections **Ward 1 Population** Ward 1 Units 2006 34,409 14,790 2011 34,562 15,390 2016 33,734 15,390 2021 36,149 16,848 2026 36,073 16,848 2031 38,575 18,401



# The Opportunity

## Jamesville Neighbourhood

The socio-economic and housing needs of adjacent neighbourhoods

### Population by Sex and Age Group

2500

2000

1500

1000

500

Population

500

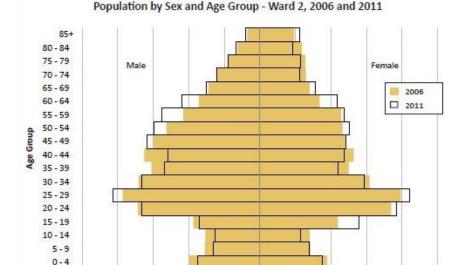
1000

1500

2000

2500

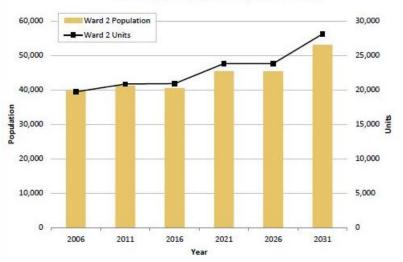
- . There are slightly more females than males residing in Ward 2, a change from 2006.
- The population in the 35 to 64 age group increased the most between 2006 and 2011.



### 25 Year GRIDS Population Projections

	Ward 2 Population	Ward 2 Units
2006	39,934	19,711
2011	41,256	20,825
2016	40,505	20,896
2021	45,444	23,798
2026	45,408	23,798
2031	53,070	28,096

#### 25 Year GRIDS Population Projections - Ward 2



Throughout, the City has supported Local Neighbourhoods in preparing and planning for growth in advance



## **Beasley Neighbourhood**

6 in 10

3x

Residents living below poverty line

Higher than City's average poverty rate

14%

Newcomer immigrants in the area

5%

Residents with Aboriginal ancestry

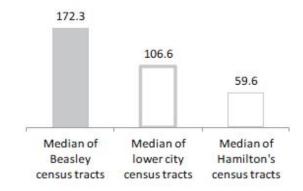
4 in 10

Residents identify as a visible minority

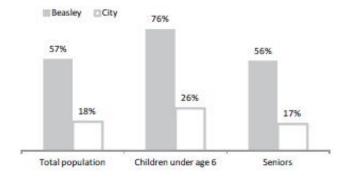
### HOUSING AND MOBILITY



HIGH SCHOOL NON-COMPLETION RATE PER 1,000 STUDENTS



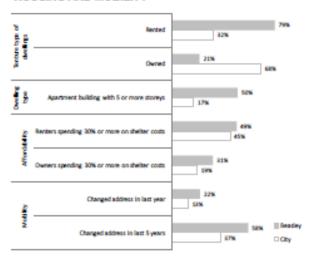
#### POVERTY RATES



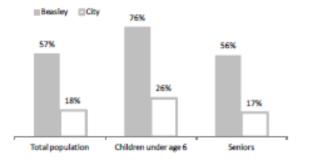
### NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE BEASLEY

#### **INCOME AND HOUSING**

#### HOUSING AND MOBILITY



#### POVERTY RATES



### KEY FINDINGS

The vast majority of homes in Beasley are rented (79%) compared to 32% for the city as a whole.

Half of Beasley dwellings are in apartment buildings with five or more stories.

There are higher rates of people living in unaffordable housing in Beasley, both for renters and owners.

Beasley residents are more mobile than the average for the city. Almost 6 in 10 Beasley residents stay in their homes for less than five years.

Poverty rates in Beasley are three times higher than the average for the city. Almost 6 in 10 Beasley residents live on incomes below the poverty line.

## Jamesville Neighbourhood

More than 1/3

Residents living in poverty

49%

Young children living in poverty

About 1/3

Seniors living in poverty

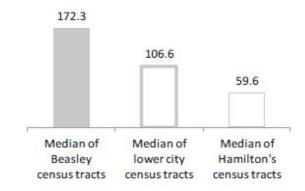
Over 53%
Residents rent

Renters Homeowners

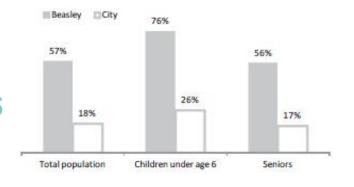
#### HOUSING AND MOBILITY



### HIGH SCHOOL NON-COMPLETION RATE PER 1,000 STUDENTS



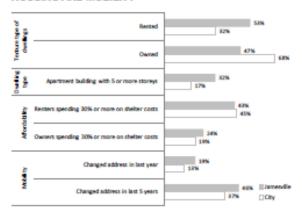
#### **POVERTY RATES**



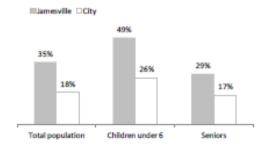
### NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE JAMESVILLE

#### **INCOME AND HOUSING**

#### HOUSING AND MOBILITY



#### POVERTY RATES



#### KEY FINDINGS

Jamesville has an almost equal proportion of renters and homeowners. 53% Jamesville residents are renters compared to just under one third of the city's overall population (32%).

Close to half the proportion of renters (43%) live in unaffordable housing and spend 30% or more of their income on shelter costs, but this is slightly lower than the proportion for the city as a whole (45%).

Residents in Jamesville change addresses more often than the average for the city.

More than a third of Jamesville residents (35%) are living in poverty, compared to 18% for the city. Almost half (49%) of young children in Jamesville are living in poverty. Close to a third of Jamesville's seniors are living in poverty (29%).

## West Harbour Population & Dwelling Units

## 2006

15,000 persons3,500 dwelling units72 UPHa density

## 2041

30,000 persons6,000 new units150 UPHa density (Hub Plan)

### **Potential Unit Mix**

## Own

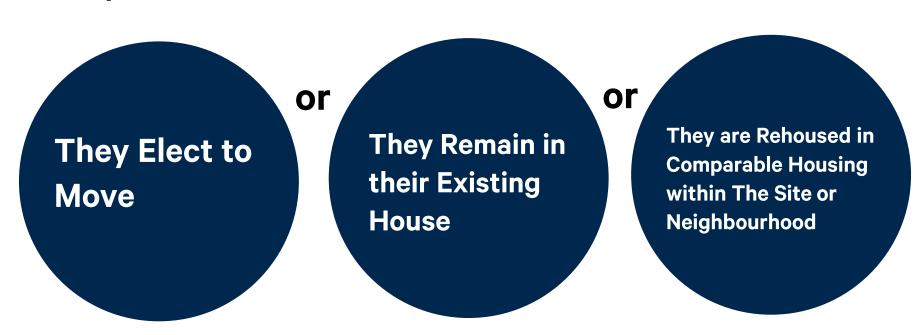
- High / Mid-Rise Apartment
- Low-Rise

## Rent

- High / Mid-Rise Apartment
- Low-Rise

# **Zero Displacement**

City needs to consider a new Planning + Development Guideline requiring that existing owners, tenants and key workers cannot be displaced unless:





# Planning without Zoning

The City has prepared a wide range of plans for the West Harbour over the last 10 years but few have been fully implemented through complementary Zoning (excluding Barton Tiffany and Piers 7+8)

# **Key Plans for Investors**

### Click on a link to learn more.

**Setting Sail: West Harbour Secondary Plan** 

**West Harbour Recreational Master Plan** 

**Urban Design Study for Piers 7 and 8** 

**Urban Design Study for Barton-Tiffany** 

**Light Rail Transit Study** 

<u>Transportation and Parking Study – Piers 5-8</u>

**James Street North GO Station Study** 

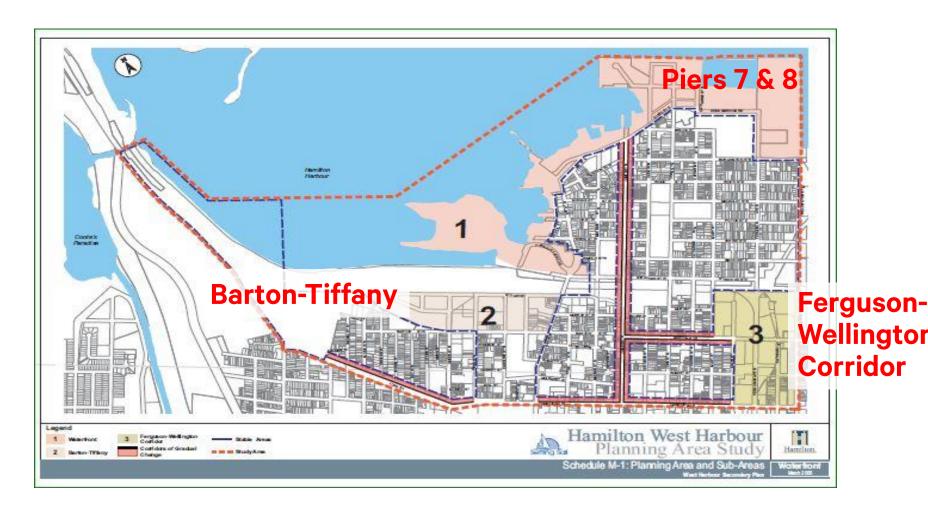
Residential and Business Development on Pier 8

**Business & Residential Land Uses for Barton-Tiffany** 

**Deloitte West Harbour Draft Report** 

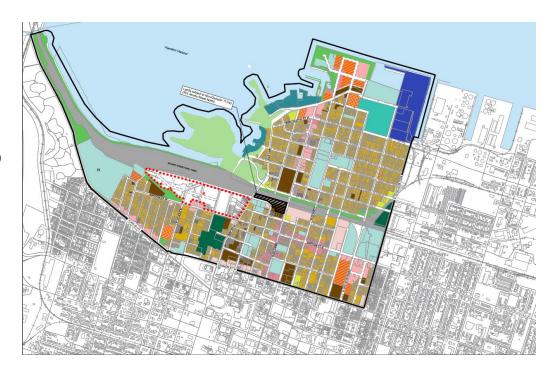
## Setting Sail: West Harbour Secondary Plan

Setting Sail is the Secondary Land Use Plan that establishes the framework for public improvements and investment.



## Setting Sail: West Harbour Secondary Plan

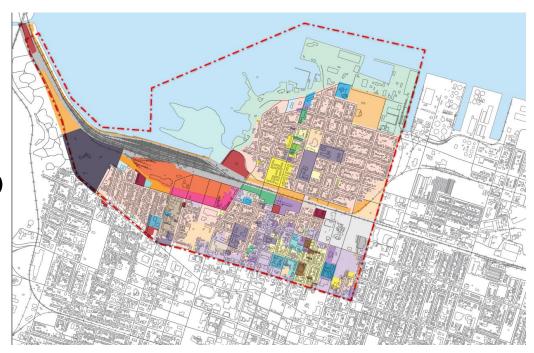
Setting Sail is the Coordinating Plan for the West Harbour, prepared in 2005-12 before The Go-Hub and New LRT were announced.



Hamilton West Harbour Secondary Plan (Setting Sail)

## Setting Sail: West Harbour Secondary Plan

Zoning – which guides investment – is still in the process of being put into place (except in Barton Tiffany and on Piers 7 and 8)



**Current Hamilton West Harbour Zoning Plan** 

# The 3D Model

This three-dimensional digital base model allows all investors and residents to "see" their neighbourhoods and how they are changing



# The 3D Model

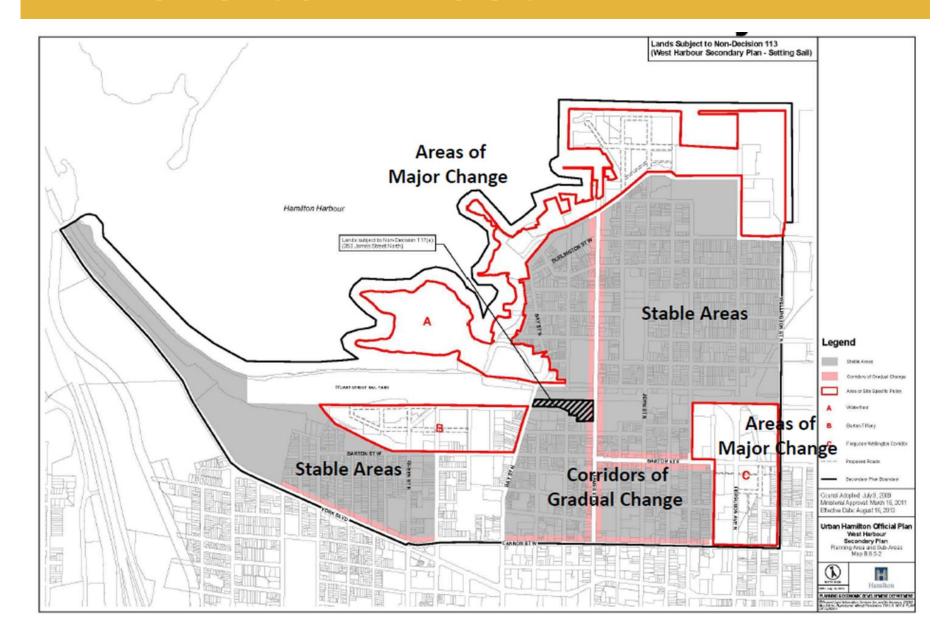


# The 3D Model

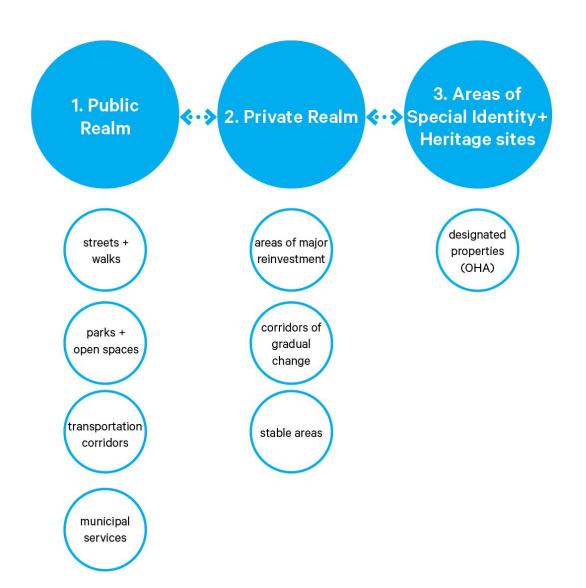




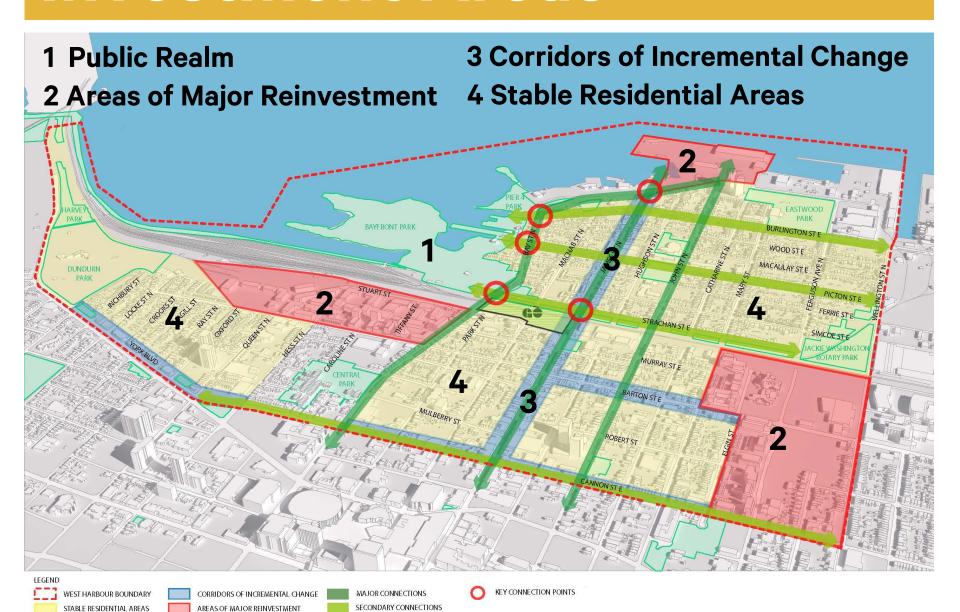
# Where to invest?



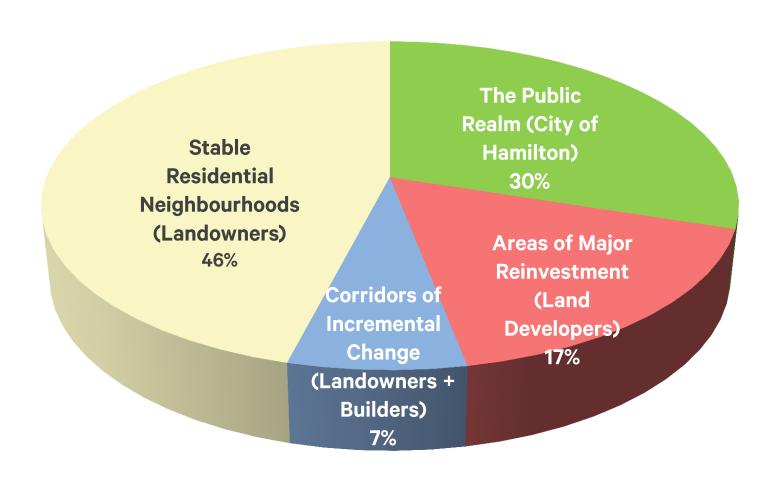
# Three Types of Land-Use



# **Investment Areas**



# The Planning Zones



### **Public Realm Investments by the City**



### HARBOUR WEST CONCEPT PLAN

Working together with the Waterfront Trust and continuing upon their work, the West Harbour Waterfront Recreation Master Plan is to enhance and balance the recreational, ecological and marine functions of the West Harbour. Many of the approved recommendations, including retaining the existing shoreline configuration where possible, the reuse of existing buildings and permitting boat clubs to continue operations in their existing facilities stems from the work previously done by the Hamilton Waterfront Trust



right: Harbour West Concept Plan prepared by Hamilton Waterfront Trust January 2010

Harbour West Concept Plan

## Parks & Open Space

### **STREETS + SIDEWALKS**

## TRANSPORT CORRIDORS

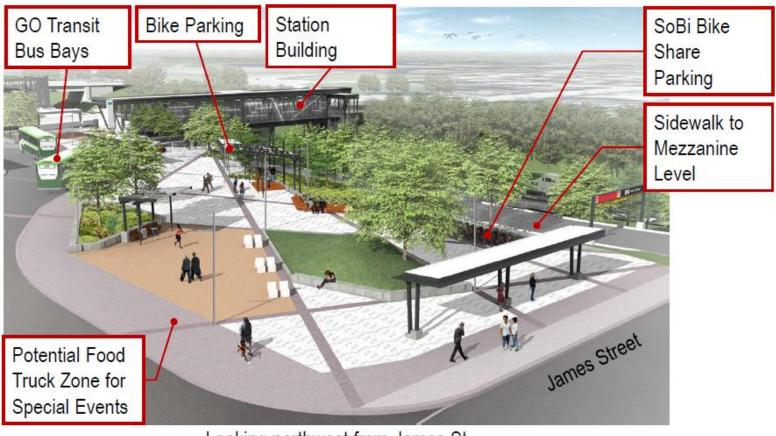
- Vehicular/Transit
- Bicycles/Pedestrian

### **MUNICIPAL SERVICES**

- Water
- Wastewater
- Energy
- Fiber-optic
- Telecommunications



### Plaza Aerial View



Looking northwest from James St

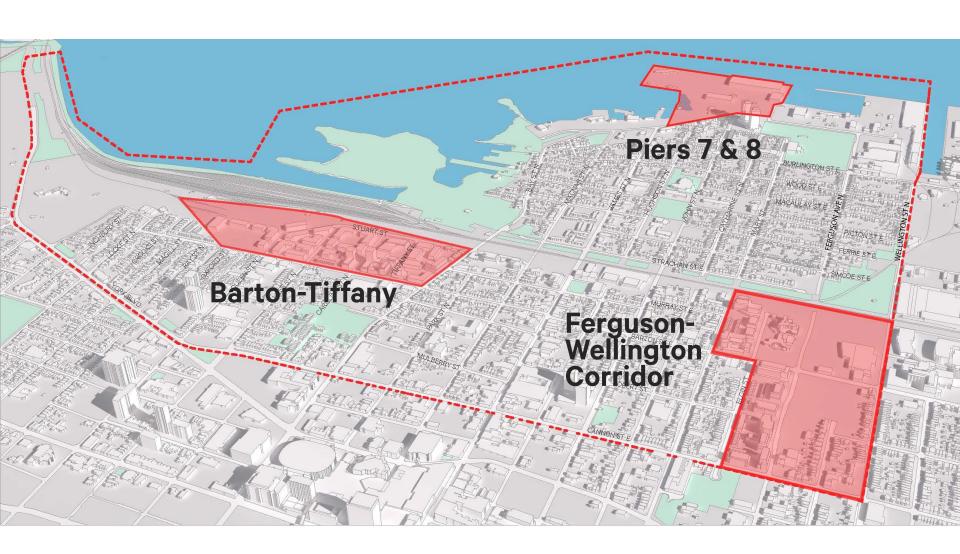


# **Areas Of Major Reinvestment**

There are three primary Areas of Major Reinvestment within the West Harbour Precinct:

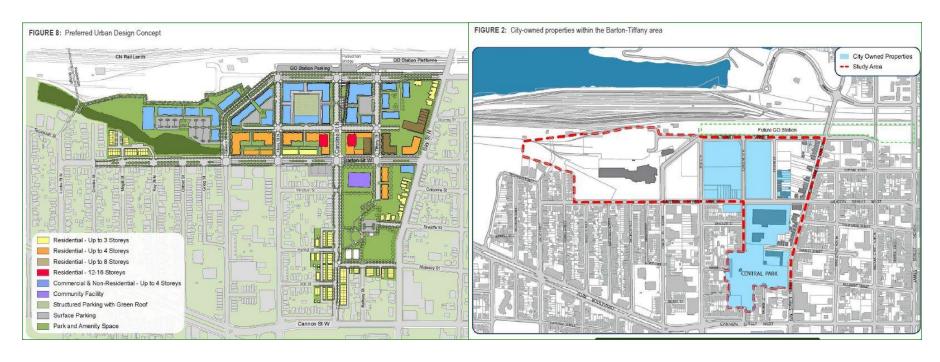


# **Areas Of Major Reinvestment**





Preferred Design Concept Plan (Barton-Tiffany Urban Design Study)



- Commercial
- Residential (up to 4 storeys)
- Residential (up to 3 storeys)

### **Total Area**

26 ha (64 ac)

### **Permitted Uses**

Residential & Commercial

### **Permitted Height**

3-16 (varies by block)

# **Total Projected Residential Units**



**Total Commercial GFA** 58,367 sq.m.

### **Current Status**

### Asset description

The vacant Barton-Tiffany lands are situated in the north end of Hamilton, bounded by Stuart Street, Barton Street West, Tiffany Street and Hess Street. Approximately two thirds of the land are designated for commercial use, however the remaining area is designated for medium density residential, with the lands off Stuart street intended to provide retail and commercial uses to the immediate neighborhood.

### **Proposed options**

- · Development of 200 residential units with 36,900sf of retail space at grade
- Development of 400 residential units with 36,900sf of retail space at grade
- Property is sold to private sector for development

### Key considerations

- · Affordable housing policy
- Access to funding

CHH Decision Making Framework

- Environmental considerations
- · City building aspirations

### Required action items

Environmental and property condition report to determine feasibility

#### Potential outcomes

- · Development of 200 residential units with 36,900sf of retail space at grade
- Development of 400 residential units with 36,900sf of retail space at grade
- Property is sold to private sector for development

#### Required action items

A full environmental and property condition report for the Barton Tiffany lands needs to be completed to confirm viability of this property

### **Key considerations**

Is there a policy desire to redevelop the property into an affordable housing project or is the property better served as part of the "city building" required for the advancement of the West Harbour neighborhood?



## AMR 2. Piers 7 and 8

The Piers 7 and 8 Urban Design Study will be used to guide and evaluate future development applications, infrastructure and public space improvements on Piers 7 and 8.

#### **Proposed Community Structure**

- 1. Waterfront Park (Future Corridor)
- 2. Waterfront Park (Existing)
- 3. Gateway Park
- The Greenway (Storm Water Garden and pedestrian walkway)
- 5. Green Roofs (Throughout as
- 6. Marina Expansion
- 7. Institutional Building
- 8. Residential Building
- Mixed-Use Building with Central Public Parking Structure
- 10. Mixed Use Building with Residential Above
- 11. Community Plaza
- 12. Continuous Waterfront Cycling and Pedestrian Trail (along Pier
- 13. Mid-block Connection
- 14. Pump Station and Park Pavilion

#### Future Programming Considerations

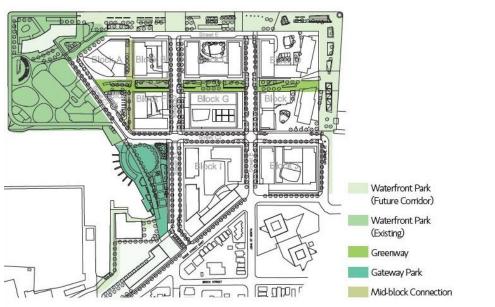
- 15. Sunset Amphitheatre
- 16. Sunrise Gathering Circle
- 17. View Terminus Plazas
- 18. Programmable Park Areas (Throughout)
- 19. Beach Area
- 20. Green Park
- 21. Retail Park Pavilions
- 22. Cultural Plaza
- 23. Splash Pad / Water Feature
- 24. Playground

#### Existing Area Features

- 25. Skating Rink
- 26. William's Coffee Pub
- 27. Hamilton Waterfront Trust Centre



# AMR 2. Piers 7 and 8



ACCESSIBLE / SHORT
TEMM PARKING
PARKING
PARKING

**Open Space Network** 

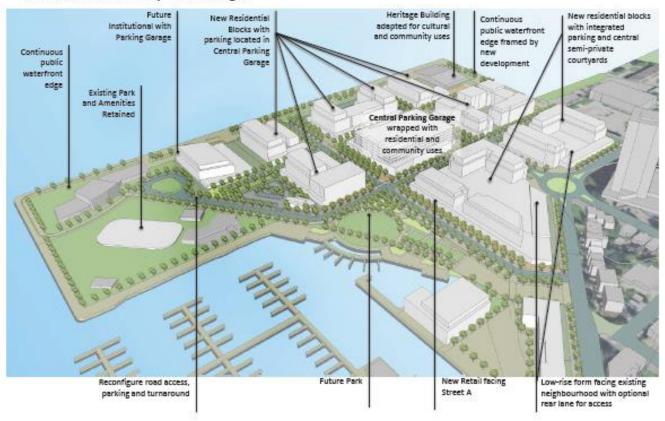
**Blocks + Centralized Parking** 



**Cross-Section** 

#### **Development Objectives:**

- > Promote a healthy harbour
- > Provide a safe and continuous public access along the water's edge
- > Create a diverse, animated and balanced waterfront
- > Celebrate the City's heritage



#### Zoning Checklist for "D6" Properties

Zoning Designation	"D6" – Downtown Multiple Residential	✓
Height	<ul> <li>2 storeys (7.5m) min.</li> <li>15.0m max.</li> </ul>	✓
Front Yard	3.0m min.     4.5m max.	✓
Rear Yard	6.0m min.	✓
Side Yard	• 3.0m mln.	✓
Density	150 units/ha max.	✓
Max. Floor Area Ratio	O.6x the area	✓



#### **DEVELOPERS**

A developer would be highly interested in development opportunities within Areas of Major Reinvestment. These areas are unique sites that anticipate greater densities compared to other areas in the City. Developers can profit the most with investment in this type of area, whether it is for residential, commercial, or office uses.



#### **BUILDERS**

A builder would also be interested in the potential opportunities within Areas of Major Reinvestment. As they are complex sites with many investment opportunities, a builder may benefit from the flexibility and veriability of uses intended for the site.

#### LANDOWNERS

A landowner may not find investing within an Area of Major Change feasible, as these areas will be highly sought after by bigger developers. In rare cases, there may be opportunities for partnerships between landowners.

### **Total Area**

13.9 ha (34 ac)

#### **Permitted Uses**

Residential, Commercial, Institutional

### **Permitted Height**

3-8 (varies by block)

# Total Projected Residential Units

1071-1531

### **Total Commercial GFA**

7,740 sq.m.



## **Current Status - Urban Design Study Approved**



# AMR 3. Ferguson-Wellington

## **Urban Design Study (Pending)**



## AMR 4. 500 MacNab Street

### **Current Status**

CityHousing Hamilton (CHH) has recently determined that it will renovate its existing tower located in the West Harbour Area. CHH will spend \$6.5 million to renovate — not sell — its 500 MacNab St Tower. Currently most of the 146 units are bachelor and studio apartments.

The estimate to fix MacNab was lower than expected. The high-rise will need about \$10.6 million in repairs to last the next 30 years.



As reported on CBC Hamilton

## AMR 4. Jamesville

### **Current Status**

CityHousing Hamilton (CHH) — the city's largest social housing agency — will redevelop its
Jamesville townhouse complex to accommodate the area's social housing needs.

As reported on CBC Hamilton







# 2. Corridors of Incremental Change

A Corridor of Incremental Change Includes established mixed use neighbourhoods that have residential and commercial uses. Investment along the main Corridors is strongly encouraged as development would help activate the public realm and contribute to a greater sense of identity for priority streets within West Harbour.

Corridors of Incremental Change can accommodate higher densities than Stable Areas, and are located on arterials that support higher order transit.

Within the selected study block at James and Barton, the zoning designation permits a variety of uses including one-two dwelling units within the same building, commercial uses, shelters, retirement homes, institutional uses, and more. Corridors anticipate change that is gradual over time and blends in with the existing built form.

There is an opportunity to maximize the mixed use designation to provide more housing opportunities within West Harbour.







### Zoning



Image: Commercial Building, James St, Hamilton (photo credit: Paul Kulig)

Prime Retail Streets represent the traditional commercial districts of Downtown Hamilton. Buildings along streets like James Street North and parts of King Street are typically 3-4 stories tall and house a variety of shops that support a vibrant street life. Preserving and improving this street life will be critical in these areas.

### **Zoning: Mid-Rise Streets**



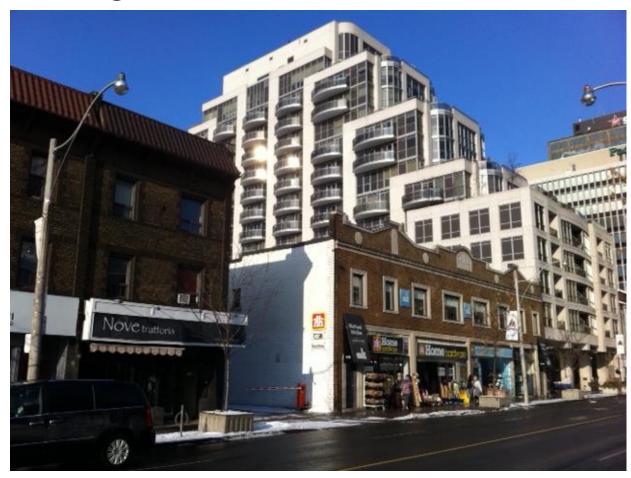
St. Clair West

## **Zoning: Mid-Rise Blocks**



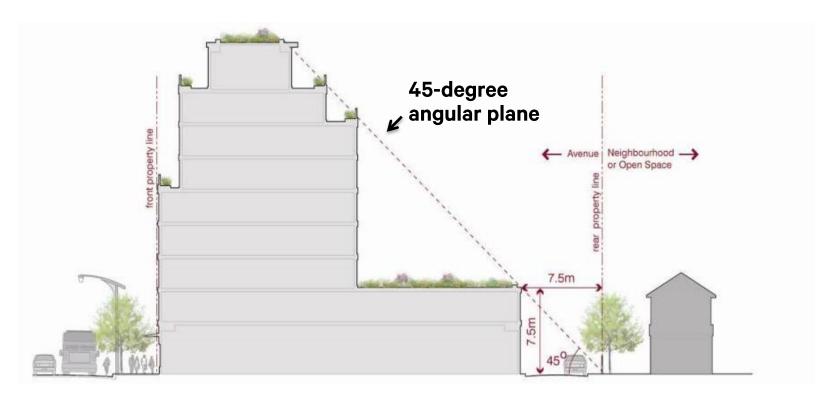
Yonge + St. Clair

## **Zoning: Mid-Rise Blocks**



Yonge + St. Clair

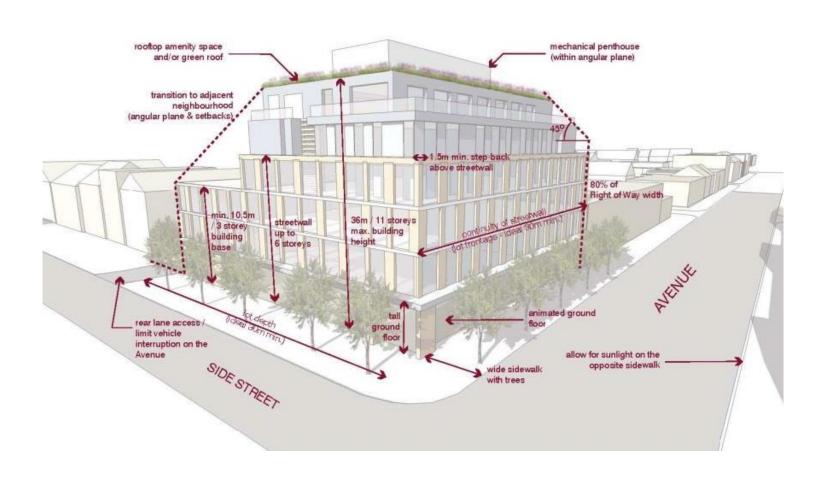
### **James Street Corridor: Mid-Rise**

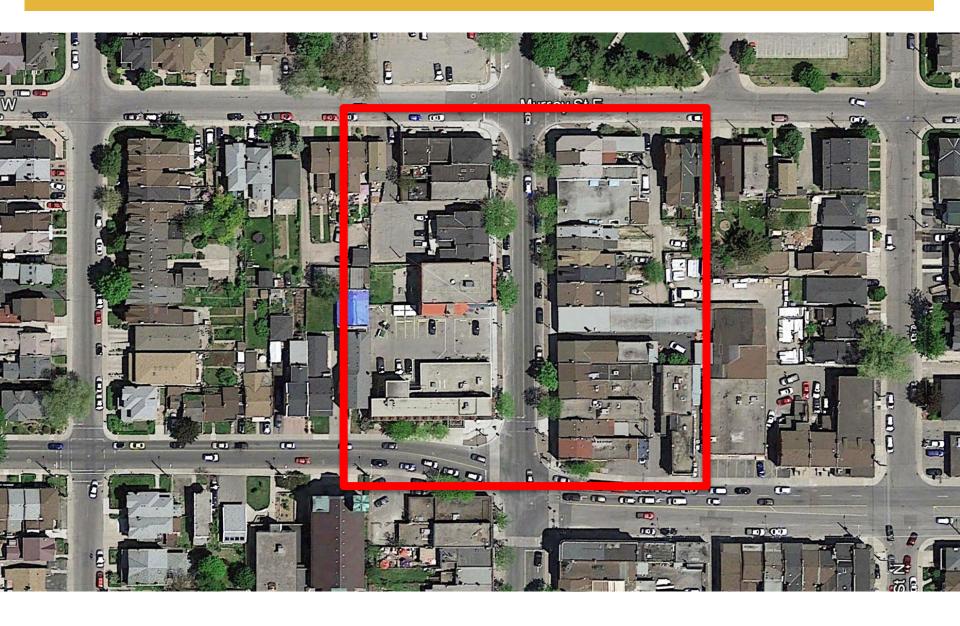


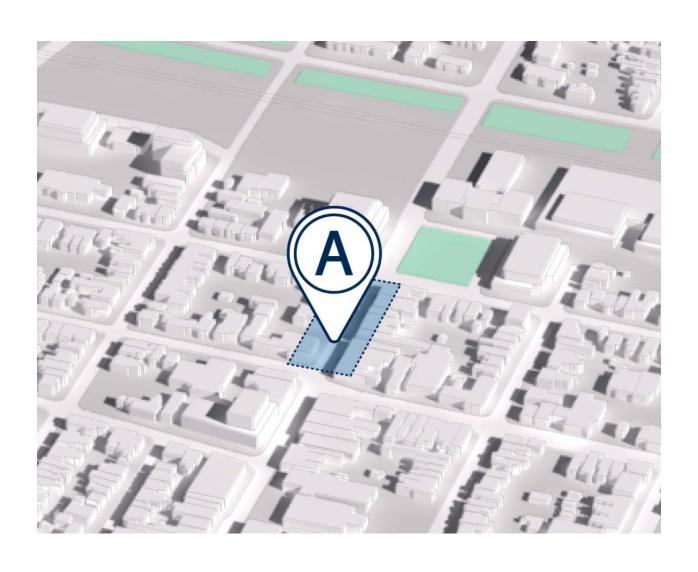
### Rear Transition to Neighbourhood

- 45-degree angular plane taken from the property line at-grade
- Plus a minimum 7.5 metre setback includes laneway

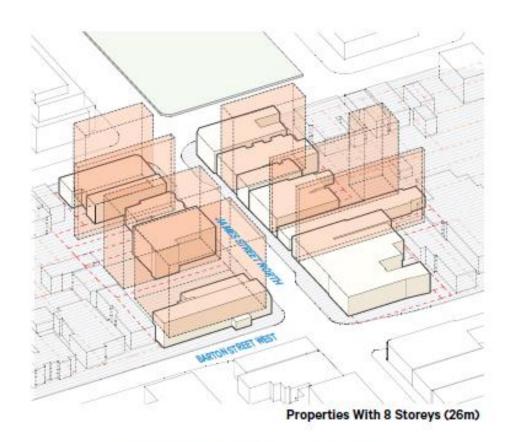
## Encourage Mid-Rise Buildings through As-of-Right Zoning

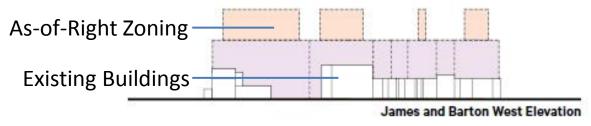


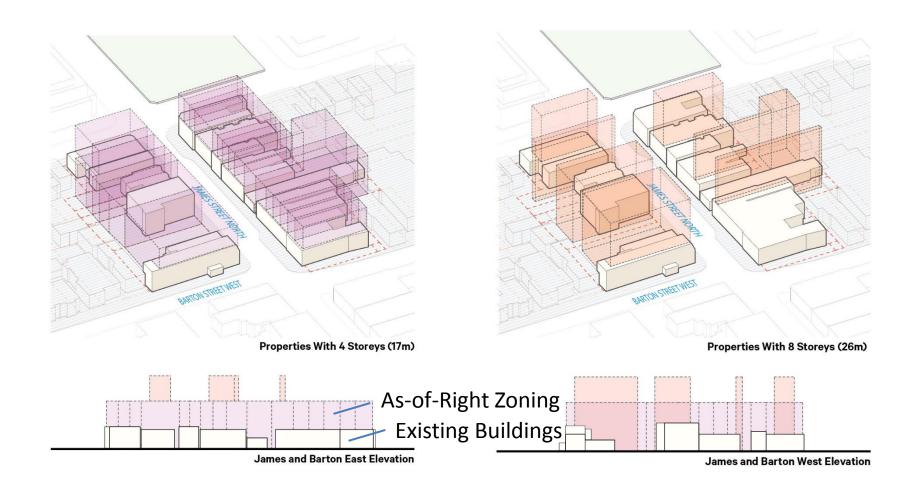












#### Zoning Checklist for "D6" Properties

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	<ul> <li>15.0m max.</li> </ul>	
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	<ul> <li>4.5m max.</li> </ul>	
Rear Yard	6.0m min.	✓
Side Yard	• 3.0m mln.	✓
Density	150 units/ha max.	✓
Max. Floor Area Ratio	O.6x the area	✓



#### **DEVELOPERS**

A developer would be highly interested in development opportunities within Areas of Major Reinvestment. These areas are unique sites that anticipate greater densities compared to other areas in the City. Developers can profit the most with investment in this type of area, whether it is for residential, commercial, or office uses.



#### **BUILDERS**

A builder would also be interested in the potential opportunities within Areas of Major Reinvestment. As they are complex sites with many investment opportunities, a builder may benefit from the flexibility and veriability of uses intended for the site.

#### LANDOWNERS

A landowner may not find investing within an Area of Major Change feasible, as these areas will be highly sought after by bigger developers. In rare cases, there may be opportunities for partnerships between landowners.





#### 3. Stable Residential Areas

A Stable Residential Area encompasses established neighbourhoods that have an existing, older housing stock with varied housing typologies. These areas are walkable, close to transit services, and suitable for limited new growth.

This guide will review the zoning permissions for three Stable Area blocks: Mary-Simcoe, Park-Barton and Mary-Cannon. The "D" designation applies for the majority of properties in these areas.

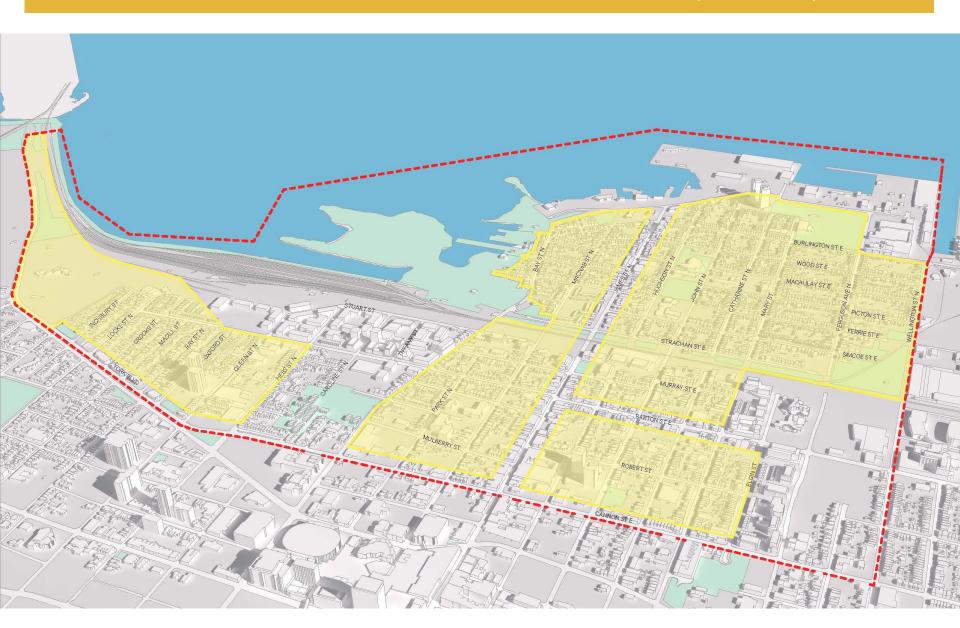
The as-of-right zoning permissions within each selected study block will determine the build-up potential for

properties eligible for conversions.

It is important to note that while residential blocks are stable, they are not static. There is an opportunity to expand development, and to maximize the built form within stable neighbourhoods to increase density and optimize land uses.















# **SRA 1. Mary-Simcoe**

### Block 1: Mary-Simcoe

The Mary-Simcoe block is zoned "D" (Urban Protected Residential - One and Two Family Dwellings, Etc.), which permits uses for a day nursery, a district yard of a municipal corporation, or a college or university. Six properties along Mary are zoned "D/S-1385," which specifies a specific site modification to permit smaller side yards, lot width, and lot area (see below).



# SRA 1. Mary-Simcoe



# SRA 1. Mary-Simcoe



### **Existing Zoning**

#### **Zoning Checklist for "D" Properties**

Zoning Designation	"D" - Urban Protected Residential - One and Two Family Dwellings	✓
Height	3 storeys or 14.0m	✓
Min. Frontage	Single family or lodging house: 12.0m*     Two family dwelling: 18.0m*     Elderly home: 27.0m	✓
Min. Lot Area	Single family or lodging house: 360m2**     Two family dwelling: 540m2**     Elderly home: 810m2 (and 140m2 per dwelling unit)	✓
Front Yard	• 6.0m	✓
Rear Yard	• 7.5m	✓
Side Yard	1.2m for buildings 2.5 storeys or 11m and under     2.7m for buildings higher than 2.5 storeys or 11m	✓

<sup>\*</sup> An existing lot is permitted to maintain its width if less than 12.0m without requiring variances under Section 19(1)

For further information, refer to By-Law 6593

#### **DEVELOPERS**

A developer is less likely to intervene within a stable residential block. There may be opportunities to purchase multiple lots for consolidation and redevelopment if a developer chose to invest within a Stable Area.



#### **BUILDERS**

A builder would be interested in working with clients within Stable Residential Areas to maximize development opportunities. Builders can help realize the investment potential on properties within Stable Areas.

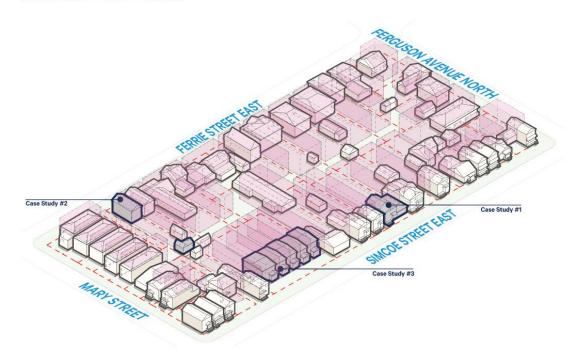


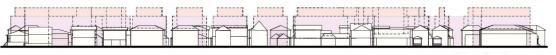
#### **LANDOWNERS**

A landowner would find Stable Areas appropriate for residential development within an existing lot in an established neighbourhood. Landowners may benefit from a small scale conversion to their home, which can then be rented or sold

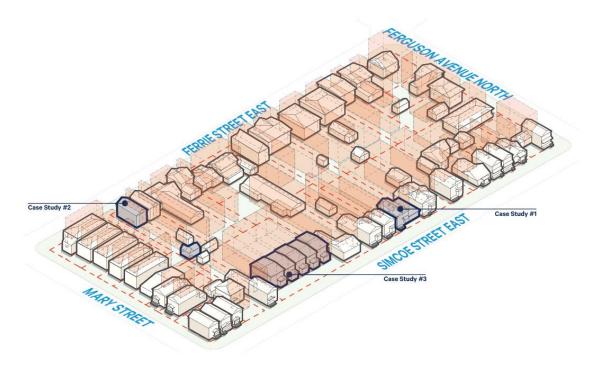
<sup>\*\*</sup> Conversion can maintain a lot area of 270m2 under Section 19(1)(ii)

Properties With 1.2m Setbacks
Full Build-Out Potential



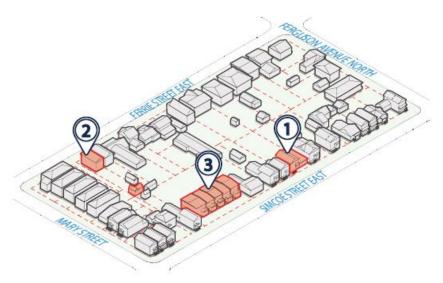


Properties With 2.7m Setbacks
Full Build-Out Potential

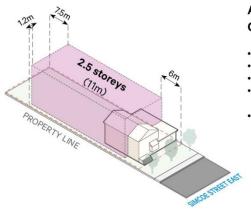




Mary-Simcoe Case Study #1

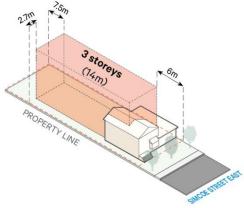






### As-of-Right Home Alteration Option 1

- · where lot width is greater than 12.0m\*
- property area is at least 360m<sup>2\*\*</sup>
- side yard setbacks are 1.2m
- building height is not over 2.5 storeys, or 11m
- ground floor area can increase from 133m<sup>2</sup>
   to 413m<sup>2</sup>, and 3.3m height can be added



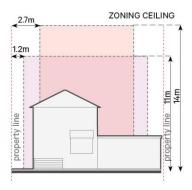
### \* An existing lot is permitted to maintain its width if less than

12.0m without requiring variances under Section 19(1)

As-of-Right Build Out

### As-of-Right Home Alteration Option 2

- where lot width is greater than 12.0m\*
- property area is at least 360m<sup>2\*\*</sup>
- side yard setbacks are 2.7m
- building height is not over 3 storeys, or
- ground floor area can increase from 133m2 to 333m2, and 6.5m height can be added



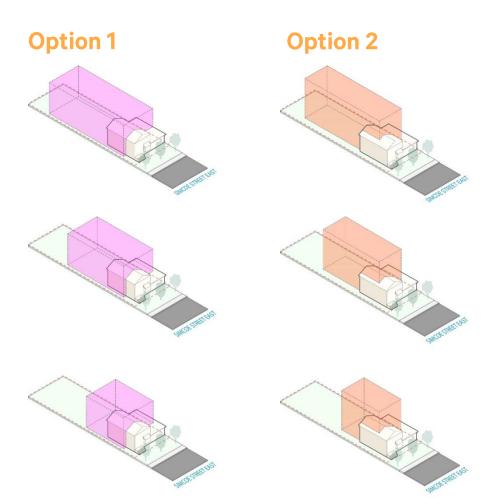
<sup>\*\*</sup> Conversion can maintain a lot area of 270m² under Section 19(1)(ii)

### **Potential Build-out Envelope**

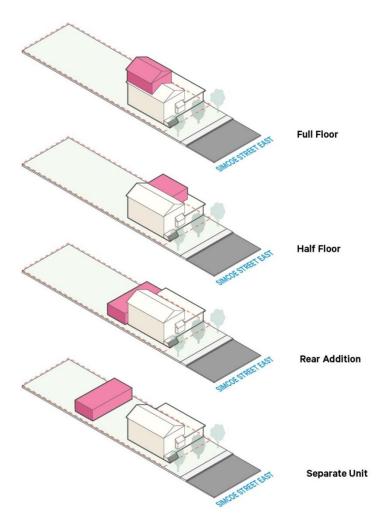
100% Build – Out Potential

75% Build – Out Potential

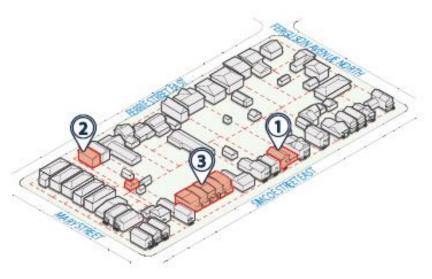
50% Build - Out Potential



### **Conversion Options**



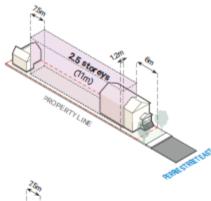
# SRA 2. Mary-Simcoe







## SRA 2. Mary-Simcoe

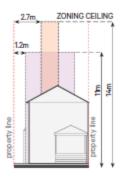


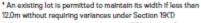
#### As-of-Right Home Alteration Option 1

- where lot width is greater than 12.0m\*
- property area is at least 360m<sup>2++</sup>
- side yard setbacks are 1.2m
- building height is not over 2.5 storeys, or 11m
- ground floor area can increase from 133m<sup>2</sup> to 413m<sup>2</sup>, and 3.3m height can be added

#### As-of-Right Home Alteration Option 2

- where lot width is greater than 12.0m\*
- property area is at least 360m<sup>2\*\*</sup>
- side yard setbacks are 2.7m
- building height is not over 3 storeys, or 14m
- ground floor area can increase from 133m2 to 333m2, and 6.5m height can be added

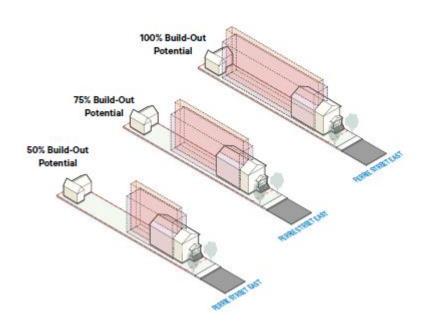




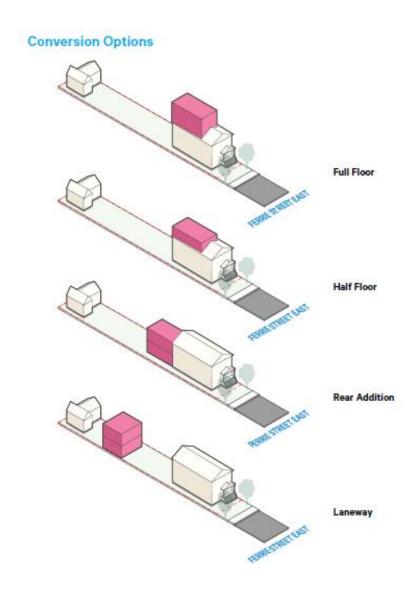
<sup>\*\*</sup> Conversion can maintain a lot area of 270m² under Section 19CD(I)

As-of-Right Build Out

#### **Build-Out Envelope Potential**

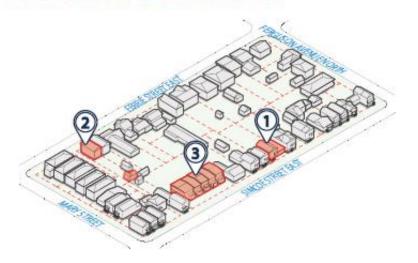


# SRA 2. Mary-Simcoe



# SRA 3. Mary-Simcoe

#### Mary-Simcoe Case Study #3

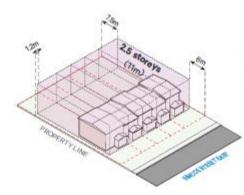








## SRA 3. Mary-Simcoe



#### As-of-Right Home Alteration Option 1

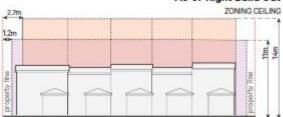
- . where lot width is greater than 12.0m\*
- property area is at least 360m<sup>200</sup>
- . side yard setbacks are 1.2m
- building height is not over 2.5 storeys, or 11m
- ground floor area can increase from 133m<sup>2</sup> to 413m<sup>2</sup>, and 3.3m height can be added

# 2 To the state of the state of

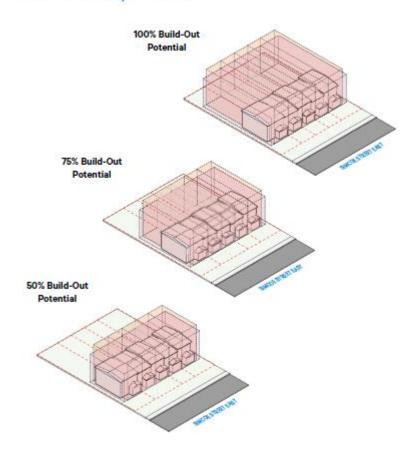
#### As-of-Right Home Alteration Option 2

- . where lot width is greater than 12.0m\*
- property area is at least 360m<sup>3+4</sup>
- · side yard setbacks are 2.7m
- building height is not over 3 storeys, or 14m
- ground floor area can increase from 133m2 to 333m2, and 6.5m height can be added.

#### As-of-Right Build Out



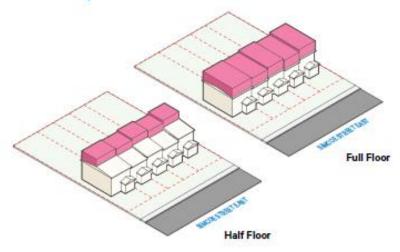
#### **Build-Out Envelope Potential**

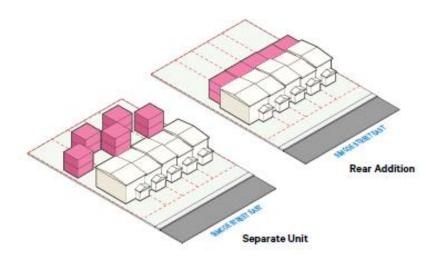


\* An existing lot is permitted to maintain its width if less than 12.0m without requiring variances under Section 19(1) \*\* Conversion can maintain a lot area of 270m² under Section 19(10(ii))

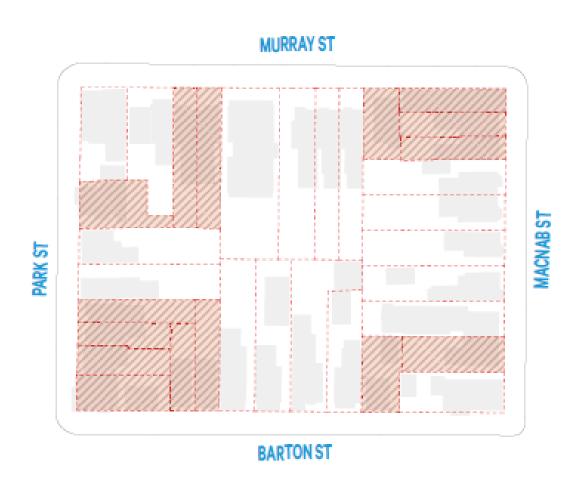
# SRA 3. Mary-Simcoe

#### **Conversion Options**

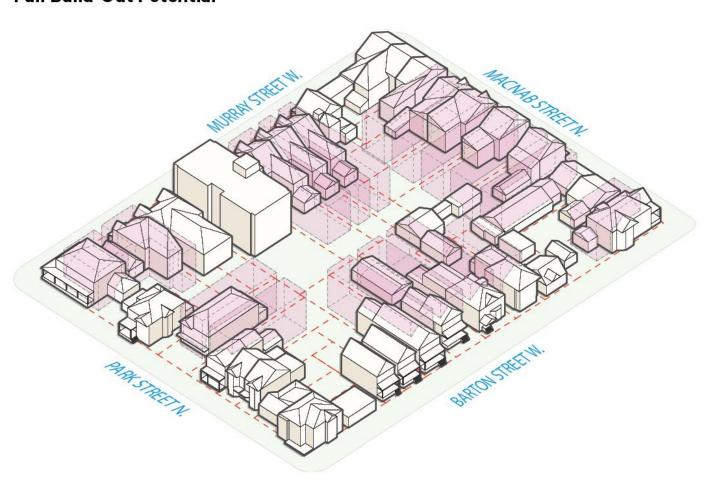




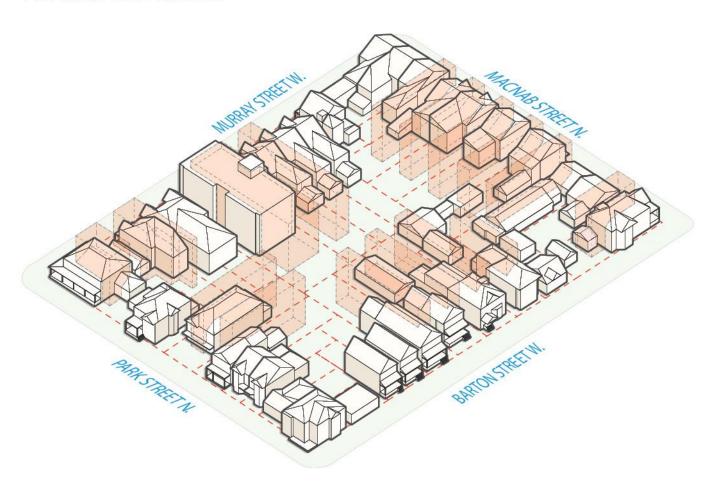


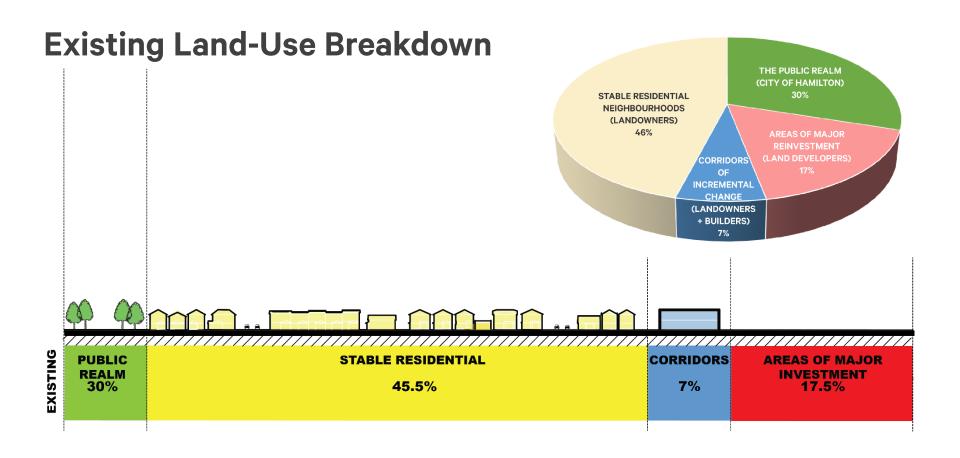


Properties With 1.2m Setbacks
Full Build-Out Potential

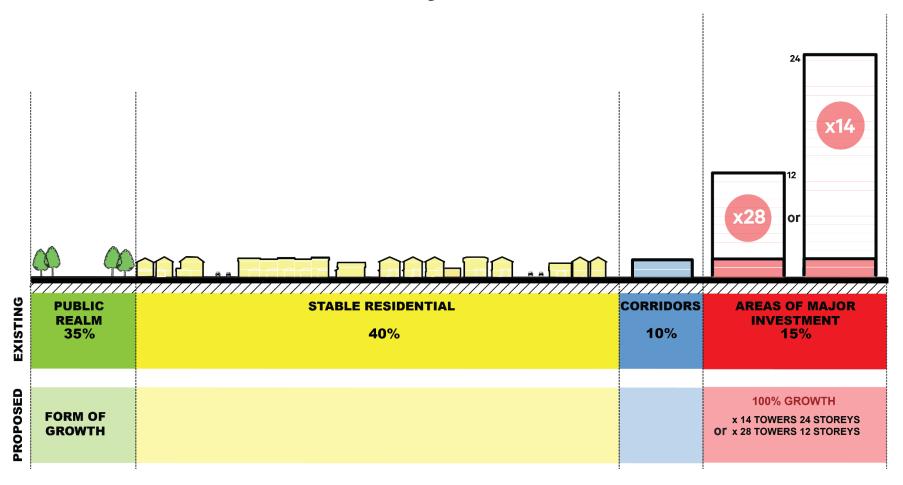


Properties With 2.7m Setbacks
Full Build-Out Potential

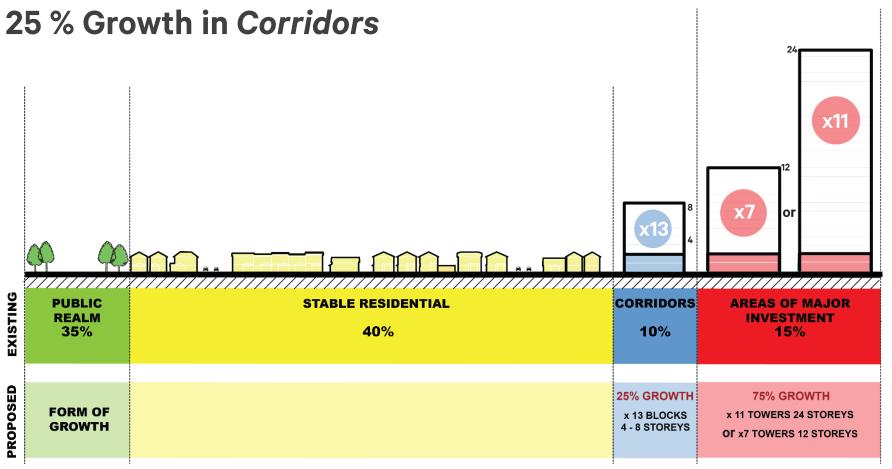


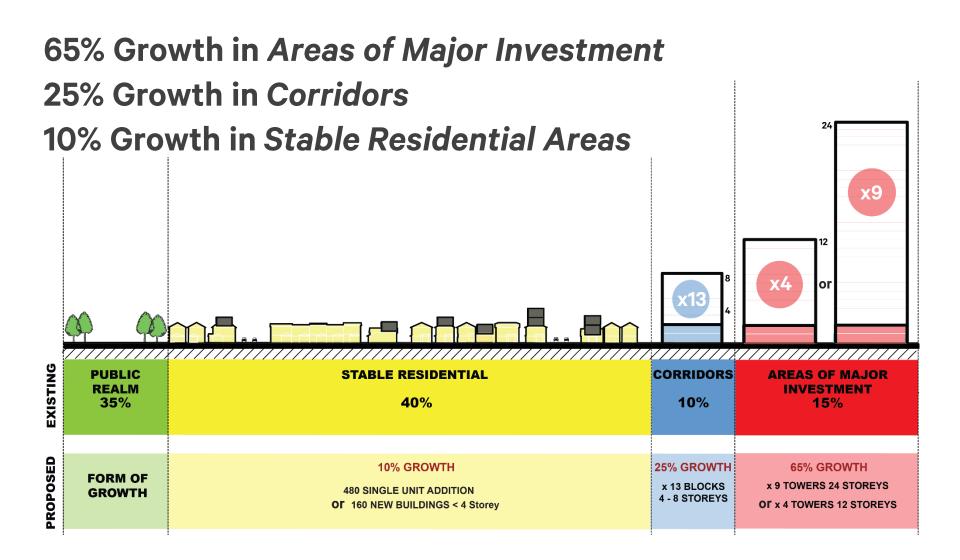


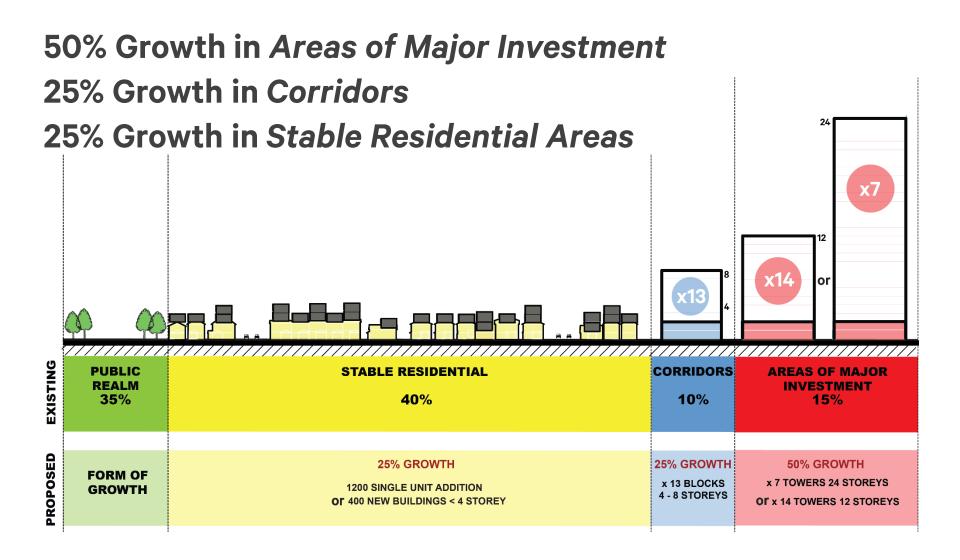
#### 100% Growth in Areas of Major Investment

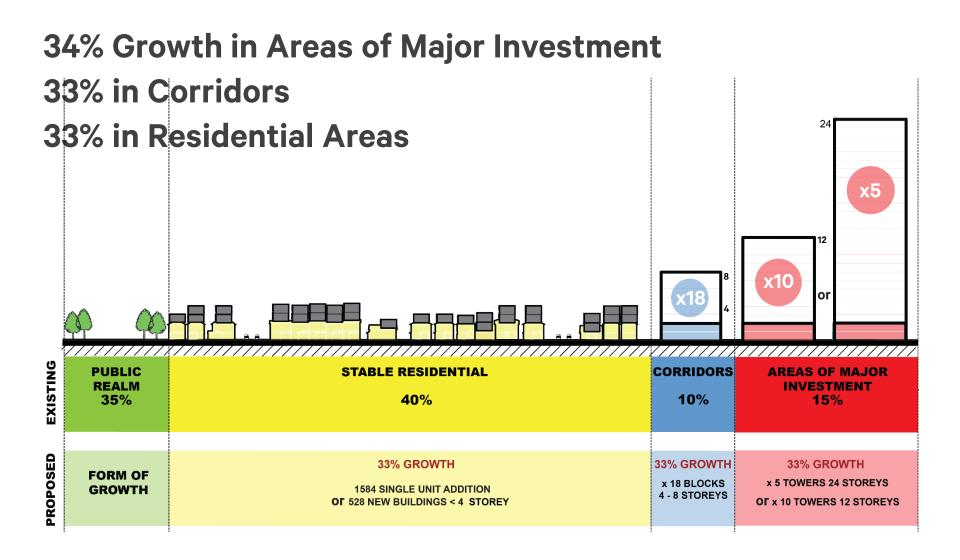


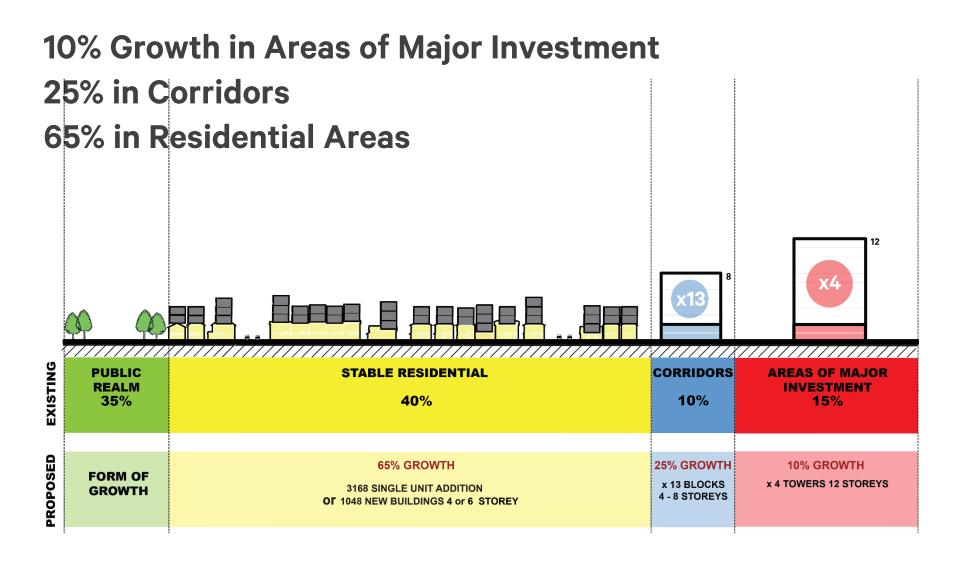
75% Growth in *Areas of Major Investment* 25 % Growth in *Corridors* 





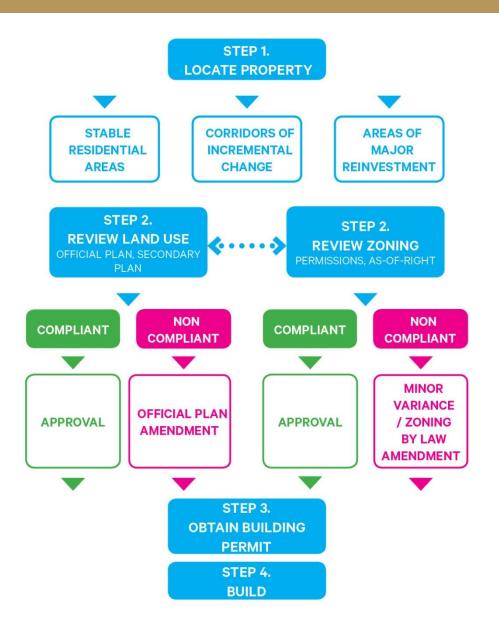








#### **How to Invest**

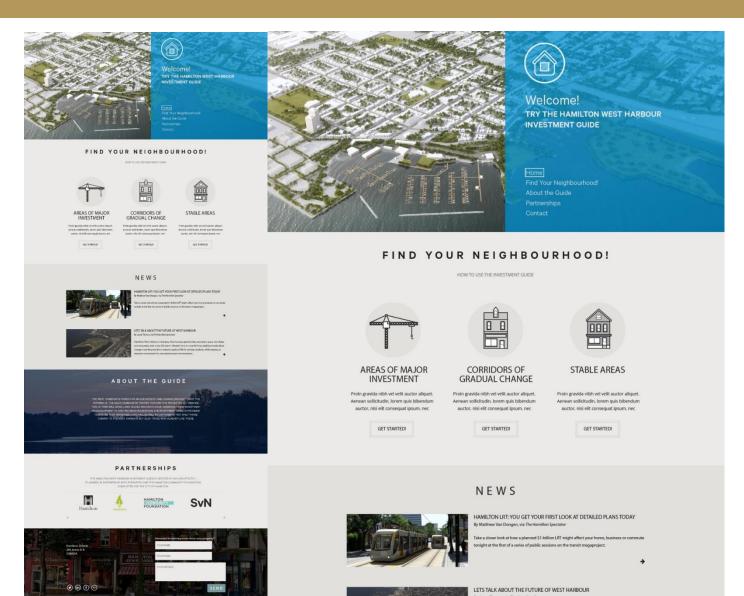


#### **Investment Tools**

# Options For Increasing Investment as a Landowner

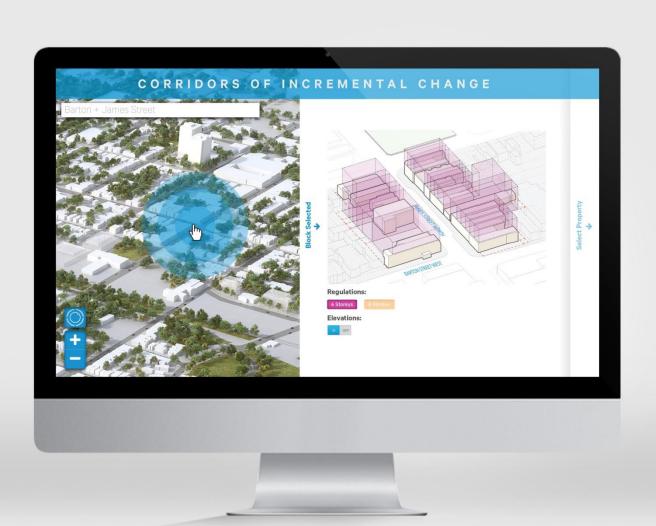




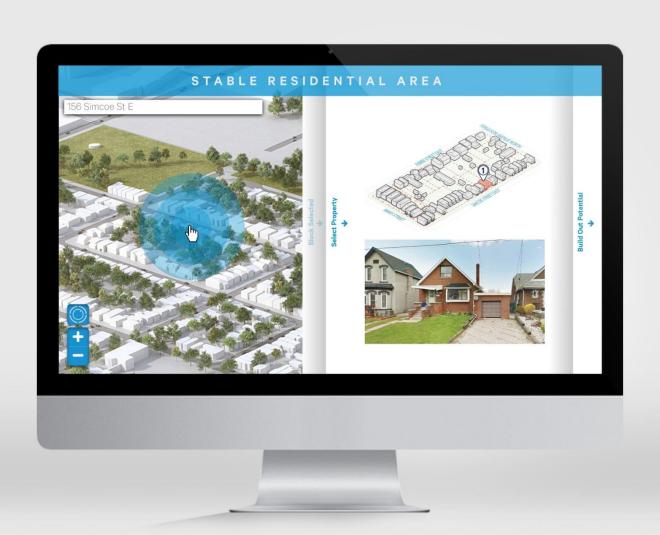


lamilton's West Harbour is changing. New housing opportunities, new green space, new shops









#### **Investment Websites**

#### Click on a link to learn more.

City of Hamilton Priority Projects

A Prime Waterfront Investment Opportunity

West Harbour Waterfront Projects Update

Concept Overview - Pier 8



#### **Next Steps**

#### The West Harbour Specifically:

- Reports to Hamilton Community Foundation + City Council
- City to Set up Web Site that shows Residents what is possible on their properties
- Work with Community and City to update Zoning
- Setting up a "Store" in The Storefront to provide consultation to local Landowners + Builders on their development potentials
- Potential Financial Incentives from the City's Economic Development
- As-of-Right Zoning

#### The Larger City/Region:

• Prepare a Similar Investment Guide for another City Precinct or Precincts that delineates and gives form to a "Civic Common" (as defined in collaboration with Evergreen)

### **Next Steps**

#### **A City Commons**

- A Evergreen / SvN initiative that seeks to counter economic and social fragmentation in our cities by **revitalizing and connecting public spaces** such as parks, plazas, trails and libraries
- A demonstration of how a connected set of civic assets a civic commons can connect people of all backgrounds and yield increased and more equitably shared prosperity for cities and neighborhoods.
- Intended to foster community, social mobility, economic opportunity and cultural vitality by creating experiences and spaces where people of all backgrounds can exchange ideas and address common problems
- A National Civic Commons Learning Network will coordinate a learning agenda, impact
  assessment and storytelling across the demonstration Site (in Hamilton). It will host crosscity learning opportunities and generate a series of toolkits to act as how-to resources for
  civic asset and city leaders in demonstration cities and beyond.