

September 18, 2019

Honourable Ginette Petitpas Taylor Minister of Health of Canada House of Commons Ottawa, ON K1A 0A6

Honourable Christine Elliott Minister of Health 10th Floor, Hepburn Block 80 Grosvenor Street Toronto, Ontario M7A 2C4

Dear Ministers:

On September 18, 2019 the Board of Health for the Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit approved a motion to write to the Ontario and the federal Ministers of Health calling for stringent restrictions on the display and promotion of vaping products and to ban flavoured e-cigarettes to help prevent the further uptake of vaping (and with it, the potential risk of smoking commencement) by youth.

Vaping has been rapidly increasing in our youth. A 74% increase in vaping among youth aged 16-19 in Canada was reported from 2017 to 2018 (jumping to 14.6% from 8.4%).¹ Cigarette smoking in the same period increased 45% to reach 15.5% of youth in this age group from 10.7% a year earlier. This is a concerning given that surveys initiated prior to 2018 had reported an ongoing decline in youth smoking; a finding which is consistent with the conclusions of research suggesting that vaping increases the risk of smoking in youth.² Research has also demonstrated that marketing of vaping products at retail stores is associated with youth and young adult initiation of vaping.³

Although vaping is likely to be less harmful than smoking, vaping is not harm free. Vaping can cause ear, eye, and throat irritation. The fine particles and chemicals that are inhaled into the lungs can aggravate existing lung conditions making it harder to breath.⁴ The risk of heart attack increases with vape use and using both cigarettes and e-cigarettes increases this risk further.⁵ Nicotine addiction is a significant concern associated with youth vaping. Nicotine can change how the teenage brain develops

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¹ Hammond, D., Reid, J.L., Rynard, V.L., Fong, G.T., Gummings, K.M., McNeill, A., & O'Conner, R. (2019). Prevalence of vaping and smoking among adolescents in Canada, England, and the United States: repeat national cross sectional surveys. Bjm, 365, I2219.

² http://nationalacademies.org/hmd/Reports/2018/public-health-consequences-of-e-cigarettes.aspx

³ Loukas, A, Paddock, M., Li, S., Harrell, M., Pasch, E., Perry, C (2019) Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems Marketing and Initiation Among Youth and Young Adults

⁴ Health Canada. (2019-02-04). Vaping: Get the Facts.

⁵ Hess, CA., Olmedo, P., Navas-Acien, A., Goessier, W., Cohen, JE., & Rule, AM. E-cigarettes as a source of toxic and potentially carcinogenic metals. Environmental Research, 2017; 152:221 DOI: 10. 1016/j.envres.2016.09.026

affecting cognitive functions like memory and concentration as well as impulse control and can cause behavioural problems⁶.

A number of serious lung issues associated with vaping occurring in the United States with an unknown etiology has also recently been reported. Health Canada warned in a recent safety alert that vaping products can carry a risk of pulmonary illness. This follows five recent deaths in the U.S. that have been linked to vaping. Health Canada reported that no similar pulmonary illness incidents have been reported in Canada, but the agency is in communication with the Centre for Disease Control (CDC) who is investigating 450 cases in 33 states which involve e-cigarettes or other vaping product use.⁷

Complicating matters further in lieu of regulation and restriction are flavoured vapour products. There are over 7000 flavours of e-juice available including candy and fruit flavoured varieties with names that appeal to youth.⁸ There is a strong body of evidence to support that flavours attract youth to e-cigarette use where research concludes that flavour influences youth to try and buy e-cigarettes and the appeal of ads promoting flavours is linked to uptake of vaping by youth.⁹

Presently, there are limited federal restrictions associated with the marketing and promotion of ecigarettes. Unlike cigarettes, vaping advertising is currently permitted on main stream media including television, radio, newspapers, outdoor signs, print and billboards. There are some regulations to protect youth related to the sale, promotion and flavour of vaping products; however, these regulations are clearly not adequate to stem the increasing uptake of vaping by youth.

Provincially, the Smoke-Free Ontario Act, 2017 (SFOA, 2017) originally put comprehensive restrictions on the display and promotion of vaping products similar to tobacco. However, those restrictions were not implemented by the Ontario provincial government before the SFOA, 2017 was enacted. As a result, point of sale display and promotion of vapour products at corner convenience stores, gas stations and grocery chains is widespread and promotional materials from posters to three-dimensional cutouts and packaging displays.

In order to prevent a further increase of vaping among youth and non-smokers in Simcoe Muskoka and to prevent the associated possible risk of cigarette smoking uptake, bans on the display and promotion of vapour products at both the Federal and Provincial level are required immediately. Provincially, the Smoke-Free Ontario Act regulations need to be strengthened to include a ban on flavoured vape products, as well on the display and promotion of vapour products mirroring the ban on tobacco products. Federally, the Tobacco and Vaping Products Act (TVPA) should also be revised to ban display, promotion and advertising, also mirroring the restrictions on tobacco in the TVPA.

⁶ England, L.J., Bunnell, R.E., Pechacek, T.F., Tong, V.T. and McAfee, T.A., 2015. Nicotine and the developing human: a neglected element in the electronic cigarette debate. American journal of preventive medicine, 49(2), pp.286-293.

⁷ https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/basic_information/e-cigarettes/severe-lung-disease.html

⁸ Zhu SH, Sun JY, Bonnevie E, Cummins SE, Gamst A, YinL, Lee M. Four hundred and sixty brands of e-

cigarettes and counting: implications for product regulation. Tobacco Control, 2014 Jul 1:23(suppl 3)ciii3-9

⁹ Vasiljevic M, Petrescu DC, Marteau TM. Impact of advertisements promoting candy-like flavoured e-cigarettes on appeal of tobacco smoking among children: An experimental study, Tobacco Control, 2016:25(e2):e107-e112.

Thank you for your attention to this very important matter for the protection of the health of our youth.

Sincerely,

ORIGINAL Signed By:

Anita Dubeau Board of Health Chair

Cc: Ontario Boards of Health Association of Local Public Health Agencies Ontario Public Health Association Ontario Tobacco Research Unit Ontario Campaign for Action on Tobacco Municipal Councils of Simcoe Muskoka Members of Parliament in Simcoe Muskoka Members of Provincial Parliament in Simcoe Muskoka Central Local Health Integration Network North Simcoe Muskoka Local Health Integration Network