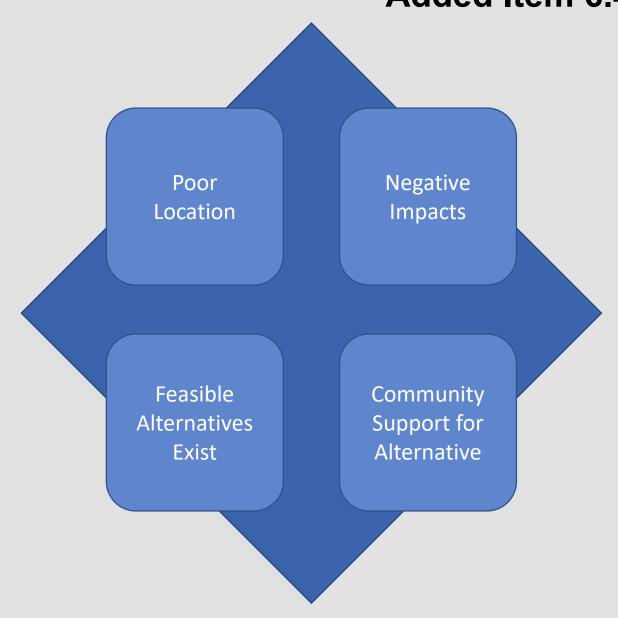
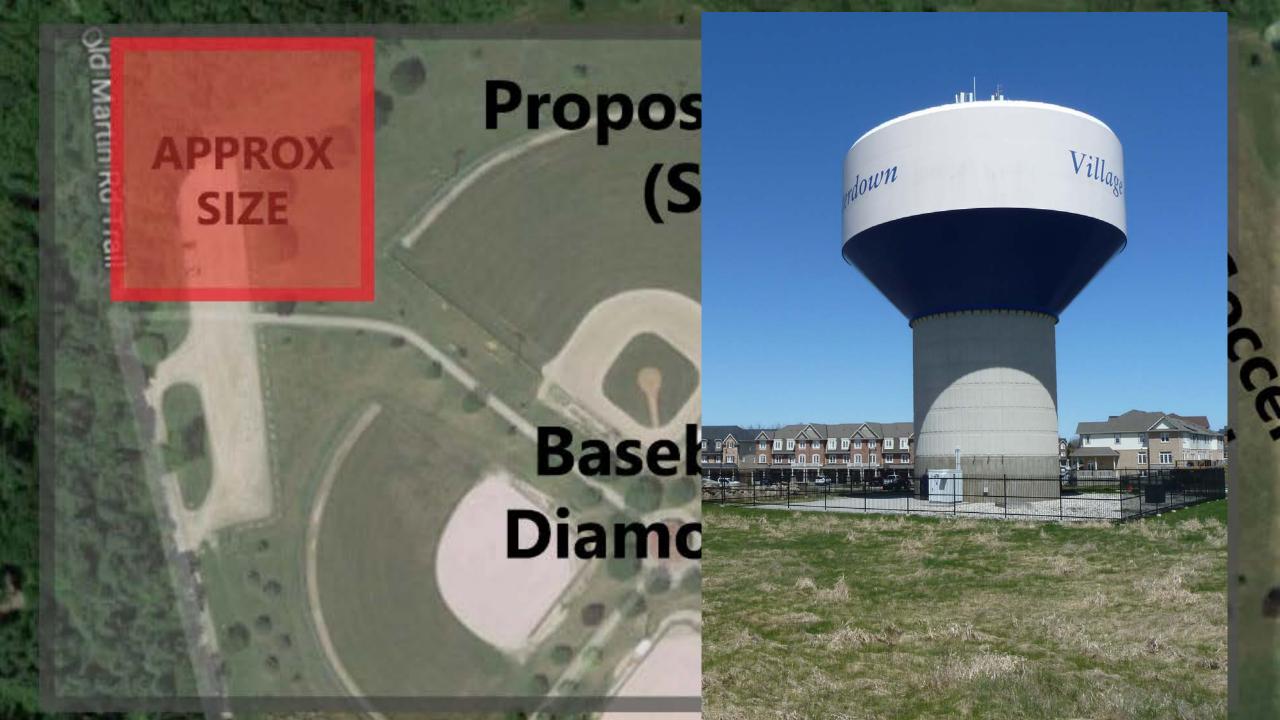
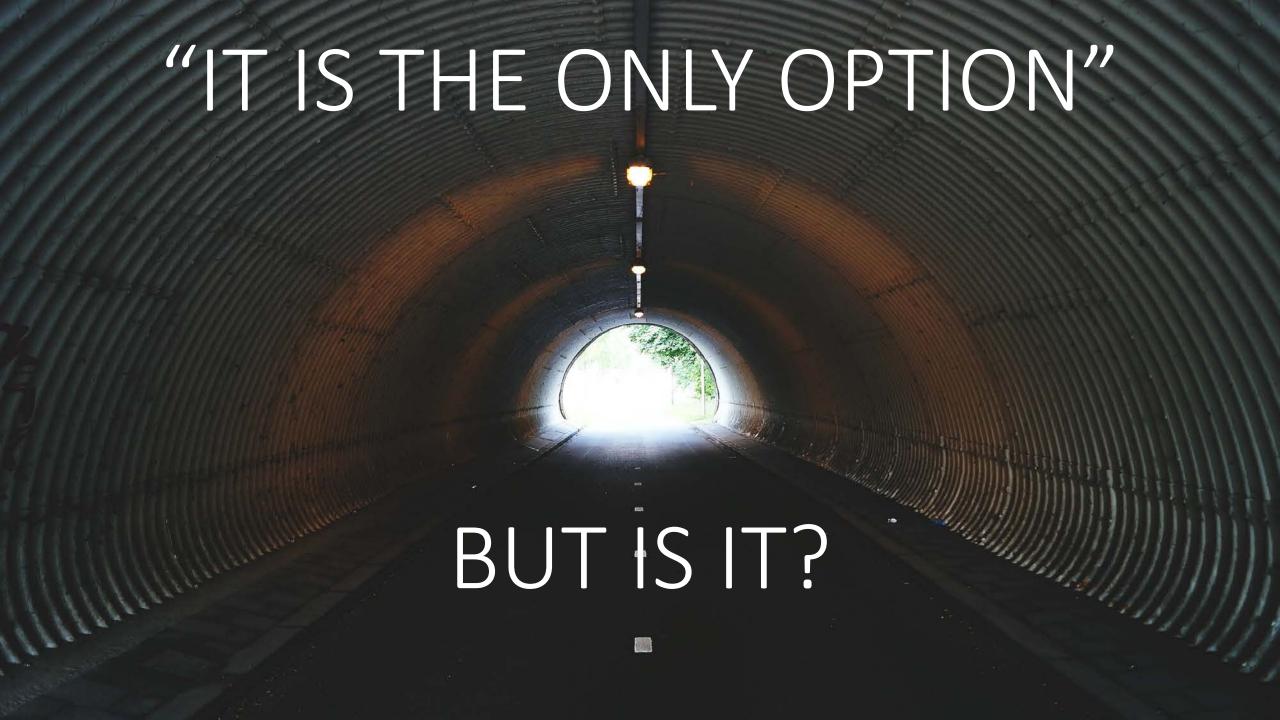
Added Item 6.4(a)

Why a water tower should not be constructed at the Robert E. Wade Community Park







There are actually

5

Alternatives

Alternative 0: Do nothing

Alternative 1: Pumping Station Upgrade Only

Alternative 2: Water Tower plus Pumping Station Refurbishment

Alternative 3: Pumping Station Upgrade and New Booster

Station

Alternative 4: Pumping Station Upgrade, New Booster Station and In-Ground Reservoir

Technical Evaluation





Category	Alternative 0	Alternative 1	Alternative 2 (preferred)	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
Initial Cost (\$)	2M	20M	20.3M	22.6M	23.4M
Energy Cost (\$)	19.3M	7.2M	4.4M	6.1M	6.1M
Operation Cost (\$)	1.3M	489.6K	489.6K	979.2K	979.2K
Green House Gas GHG) tons)	12,613	7,515	5,681	6,332	6,332
7713891313	Unsustainabl e operation, does not meet MECP requirements for firm capacity and fire flow protection, high operations	Can satisfy technical requirements; however, results in high energy costs. PS remains the sole source of supply. Any failure in the	Least risky approach. Most robust operation, not as vulnerable to failures in the pressure district. Most efficient operation, reduced	e on PS to maintain supply; increased energy costs;	Dependence on PS to maintain supply; increased energy costs; requires greater capacity to ensure firm capacity; high lifecycle costs



Alternative 1: Pumping Station Upgrade Only



Alternative 2: Water Tower plus Pumping Station Refurbishment

Will we really save?





00081	coss	Library, It is undo	Lleure O nommal	
Category	15.3°. 12.0°.	Alternative 1	Alternative 2 (preferred)	-
Initial Cos (\$)	t	20M	20.3M	-
Energy Cost (\$)	VIA.	7.2M	4.4M	
Operation Cost (\$)	GAG.	489.6K	489.6K	2000
Green House Gas (GHG) (tons)		7,515	5,681	1
Rationale	l e	Can satisfy technical	Least risky approach.	
alyssian	d	requirements;	Most robust	
DONSINI	n r∈ fc	however, results in high energy costs.	operation, not as vulnerable to failures in	
to notice	Ca fir	PS remains the sole	the pressure district. Most	
	pr hi	source of supply. Any	efficient	
	or	failure in the	operation, reduced	

OVER 60 Year Period

\$2,800,000 - \$300,000 = \$2,500,000

\$2,500,000 / 60 years = \$41,000 / year

HIGH Risk of additional Costs / Cost Overruns due to poorly suited location

- Stability (on edge of a very steep part of the escarpment)
- Erosion control and water run off
- Dismantling and reconstruction of a baseball diamond.

Need to conduct multiple studies

- Vegetation and community mapping
- Wild life survey
- Species at risk
- Fish and fisheries

Environmental impact?



00081	030	Spring at h. Mendia	Levins O normal	
Category		Alternative 1		Ī
Initial Cos	t	20M	(preferred) 20.3M	100
Energy Cost (\$)	75	7.2M	4.4M	-
Operation Cost (\$)	900	489.6K	489.6K	
Green House Gas (GHG) (tons)	No.	7,515	5,681	
Rationale	L e d m re fo	Can satisfy technical requirements; however, results in high energy costs.	Least risky approach. Most robust operation, not as vulnerable to failures in	
tu noltane Vilosino J	ca fir pr	PS remains the sole source of supply. Any	the pressure	
	op	failure in the	reduced	

OVER 60 Year Period

7,515 - 5,681 tons = 1,834 tons

1,834 tons / 60 years = 30.6 tons / year





How much GHG will be produced by the construction of a Water Tower?



	Site #1	Site #2	Site #3, #4, #7 to #12	Site #5	Site #6
Evaluation Criteria	North-East corner of Martin Rd. and Jerseyville Rd. W.	West of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W In James Smith Park	South-West corner of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W.	North-West of Southcote Rd. and Garner Rd. E.	North-East of Raymond Rd. and Rymal Rd. W.
	Natural Environment Considerations			•	
Proximity to Environmentally Sensitive Areas	In Niagara Escarpment	Identified as Provincially Significant Wetland by City. Sections of previously disturbed areas. No natural features of note.	No significant natural features were identified, although there is the City's Natural Heritage System and unevaluated wetlands within close proximity. Further investigation is required.	American Chestnut and Significant Woodlands located within the site.	No environmentally sensitive areas within the site.
	Social & Cultural Environment Consid	erations			
Proximity to Built Heritage Areas	Near Designated Built Heritage Area	Near Designated Built Heritage Area	Areas listed in the City's inventory of Buildings of Architectural and/or Historical Interest.	Not in the proximity of any Built Heritage Areas	Not in the proximity of any Built Heritage Areas
Proximity to Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Areas	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	Area disturbed by grading and heavy landscaping. Previously assessed in 1995 and 1997. No archaeological potential found.	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required. A portion of the area within	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	Area disturbed by grading and heavy landscaping. Previously assessed in 2004. No archaeological potential found.

Successful projects are more than technical specifications

Constructability and Site Access	Accessible by urban local road Jerseyville Rd. W.	Accessible by minor arterial road Garner Rd.	Accessible by minor arterial road Fiddler's Green Rd.	Accessible by urban local road Bookjans Dr.	Accessible by urban local road Vinton Rd.
System Reliability and Hydraulic Performance	Located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.	Most preferred hydraulically. Highest pressures in the district when operated under gravity. In close proximity to the existing 400mm diameter trunk main along Garner Rd.	Most preferred hydraulically. Highest pressures in the district when operated under gravity. In close proximity to the existing 400mm diameter trunk main along Garner Rd.	Most preferred hydraulically. Highest pressures in the district when operated under gravity. In close proximity to the existing 400mm diameter trunk main along Garner Rd.	This Site is the least preferred hydraulically due to the distance to the west side of the pressure district, which is more likely to experience low pressures. Low pressure during maximum day condition. In addition, the reservoir location is serviced by 300mm diameter pipes.
Summary	Located within the Niagara Escarpment and near a built heritage area. Contains archaeological potential. Owned by the City. High aesthetic impact on the Escarpment and high impact during construction. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by urban local roads. Less preferred hydraulically.	Located beside a designated built heritage area and in a Provincially Significant Wetland. No archaeological potential. High impact during construction due to being within a major residential area. Owned by the City. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	Not near any environmentally sensitive areas or built heritage areas. Contains archaeological potential. Privately owned. Is not near major residential areas and will have low construction impact. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	Located within the American Chestnut and Woodlands area. Not near any built heritage areas. Owned by the City. High impact during construction due to being within a major residential area. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Most preferred hydraulically.	Not located near any environmentally sensitive areas or built heritage areas. No archaeological potential. Large aesthetic and construction noise impact on the residential area. Owned by the City. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Least preferred hydraulically.
Rank	Least preferred	Less preferred	Most preferred	Less preferred	Less preferred



	Site #1	Site #2	Site #3, #4, #7 to #12	Site #5	Site #6
Evaluation Criteria	North-East corner of Martin Rd. and Jerseyville Rd. W.	West of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W In James Smith Park	South-West corner of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W.	North-West of Southcote Rd. and Garner Rd. E.	North-East of Raymond Rd. and Rymal Rd. W.
	Natural Environment Considerations				
	In Niagara Escarpment	dentified as Provincial The city	changed the zoning	, but the location is	the same. On the
Proximity to Environmentally Sensitive Areas		edge of	the escarpment and	DVCA. It is in close	proximity to an
		ovtrome	ely sensitive environi	mental area	
	Social & Cultural Environment Consider	rations	ry sensitive environi	ilelitai alea.	
Proximity to Built Heritage Areas	Near Designated Built Heritage Area	Near Designated Built Heritage Area			
Proximity to Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Areas	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	Area disturbed by grading and heavy landscaping. Previously assessed in 1995 and 1997. No archaeological potential found.			
Aesthetic Impact	High, in the Niagara Escarpment	High, within residential areas			
Land Ownership	Owned by the City	Owned by the City			
Noise, Traffic, and Dust Impacts Disrupting Surrounding Area During Construction	High, near residential areas. High traffic impact on Jerseyville Rd. W.	High, within residential areas. High traffic impact on Garner Rd.			
	Economic Considerations				
Capital Cost including Land Acquisition (\$M)	\$6.8	\$6.9			
	Technical Considerations				
Tower Height	49 m	53 m			
Constructability and Site Access	Accessible by urban local road Jerseyville Rd. W.	Accessible by minor arterial road Garner Rd.			
System Reliability and Hydraulic Performance	Located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.	Most preferred hydraulically. Highest pressures in the district when operated under gravity. In close proximity to the existing 400mm diameter trunk main along Garner Rd.	Most preferred hydraulically. Highest pressures in the district when operated under gravity. In close proximity to the existing 400mm diameter trunk main along Garner Rd.	Most preferred hydraulically. Highest pressures in the district when operated under gravity. In close proximity to the existing 400mm diameter trunk main along Garner Rd.	This Site is the least preferred hydraulically due to the distance to the west side of the pressure district, which is more likely to experience low pressures. Low pressure during maximum day condition. In addition, the reservoir location is serviced by 300mm
		Logetr	referred		
Summary	Located within the Niagara Escarpment and near a built heritage area. Contains archaeological potential. Owned by the City. High aesthetic impact on the Escarpment and high impact during construction. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by urban local roads. Less preferred hydraulically.	Located besheritage are Significant Wetland. No archaeological potential High impact during core uction due to being within a major pudential area. Owned by the City. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	archaeological potential. Privately owned. Is not near major residential areas and will have low construction impact. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	heritage areas. Owned by the City. High impact during construction due to being within a major residential area. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Most preferred hydraulically.	No archaeological potential. Large aesthetic and construction noise impact on the residential area. Owned by the City. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Least preferred hydraulically.
Rank	Least preferred	Less preferred	Most preferred	Less preferred	Less preferred

DUNDAS VALLEY CONSERVATION AREA *

DUNDAS VALLEY CONSERVATION AREA

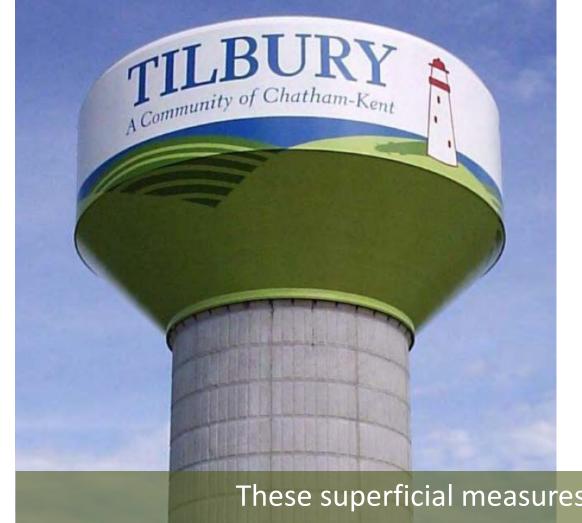
The Dundas Valley is one of southern Ontario's most spectacular natural treasures. Highlights of the 1,200-hectare conservation area include lush Carolinian forests, colourful meadows, cold-water streams, stunning geological formations and an array of rare plants, birds and wildlife.

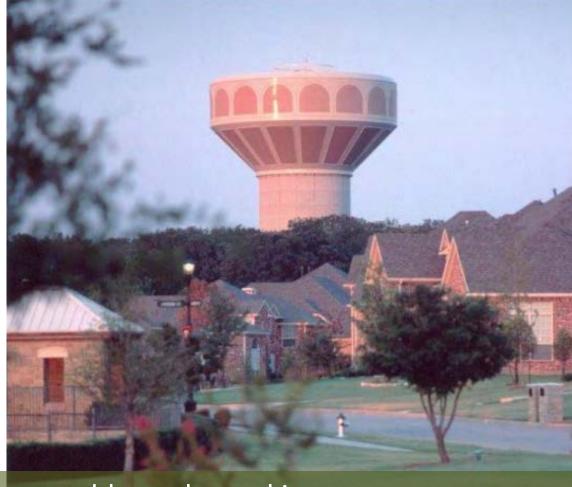
The area is part of a large glacial valley that spreads out into Lake Ontario. It was excavated by a succession of glaciers that disappeared some 10,000 years ago The landscape that emerged has been shaped by glacial melt water and, more recently, by streams flowing through the valley.

The rich natural environment existing here and along the Niagara Escarpment has been designated a World Biosphere Reserve by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO).



	Site #1	Site #2	Site #3, #4, #7 to #12	Site #5	Site #6
Evaluation Criteria	North-East corner of Martin Rd. and Jersevville Rd. W.	West of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W In James Smith Park	South-West corner of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W.	North-West of Southcote Rd. ar Garner Rd. E.	
	Natural Environment Considerations				
Proximity to Environmentally Sensitive Areas	In Niagara Escarpment	Identified as Provincially Significant Wetland by City. Sections of previously disturbed areas. No natural features of note.			
	Social & Cultural Environment Consider	rations			
Proximity to Built Heritage Areas	Near Designated Built Heritage Area	Near Designated Built Heritage Area This ind	ustrial structure is l	Not in the proximity of any Built being dropped in th	Not in the proximity of any Built Heritage Areas ne midst of
Proximity to Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Areas	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	Area disturbed by grading and heavy	gara Escarpment, Pa	Several sections appear undisturbed	Area disturbed by grading and heavy landscaping. Previously assessed in 2004. No archaeological potential found.
Aesthetic Impact	High, in the Niagara Escarpment	High, within residential			
Land Ownership	Owned by the City	Owned by the City	leasures will be ta	aken to mitigate t	he visual impact 📗
Noise, Traffic, and Dust Impacts Disrupting Surrounding Area During Construction	High, near residential areas. High traffic impact on Jerseyville Rd. W.	High, within residential a traffic impact on Garner			
	Economic Considerations		Exterior paint to		
Capital Cost including Land Acquisition (\$M)	\$6.8	\$6.9		Logos and lettering	Night lighting
	Technical Considerations		structures		
Tower Height	49 m	53 m			
Constructability and Site Access	Accessible by urban local road Jerseyville Rd. W.	Accessible by minor arti Garner Rd.	Architectural		bn
System Reliability and Hydraulic Performance	Located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater	Most preferred hydrauli pressures in the district under gravity. In close pexisting 400mm diamet along Garner Rd.	enhancements to the tank	Pedestal rustications si	Restrictions on gnage and lighting
	pressure losses. Located within the Niagara Escarpment	Located has	Tank geometry	Fencing / vegetative	Use of non-
Summary	and near a built heritage area. Contains archaeological potential. Owned by the City. High aesthetic impact on the Escarpment and high impact during construction. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by urban local roads. Less preferred hydraulically.	heritage are Significate wetland. No potential High impact d consuction due to bein idential area. Owned weduced reservoir height minor arterial road. It was presented.		screening re	eflective materials pactive materials pactive materials
		hydraulically.			
Rank	Least preferred	Less preferred	Most preferred	Less preferred	Less preferred
	Louis professor	Loop profession	most prototrou	2000 prototrou	2000 prototrou





These superficial measures do not address the real issue.

The sheer size and overbearing presence of this industrial concrete structure does not visually fit with the natural landscape and is incompatible with the character of the area.

Don't worry you will not even see it











50 meters

100 meters

200 meters

500 meters

900 meters



	Site #1	Site #2	Site #3, #4, #7 to #12	Site #5	Site #6
Evaluation Criteria	North-East corner of Martin Rd. and Jerseyville Rd. W.	West of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W In James Smith Park	South-West corner of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W.	North-West of Southcote Rd. and Garner Rd. E.	North-East of Raymond Rd. and Rymal Rd. W.
	Natural Environment Considerations				
Proximity to Environmentally Sensitive Areas	In Niagara Escarpment	Identified as Provincially Significant Wetland by City. Sections of previously disturbed areas. No natural features of note.			
	Social & Cultural Environment Consider	rations			
Proximity to Built Heritage Areas	Near Designated Built Heritage Area	Near Designated Built Heritage Area This. and	d also located near r	Not in the proximity of any Built residential area and	Not in the proximity of any Built Heritage Areas Could
Proximity to Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Areas	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	cause de	evaluation of proper	rty values.	Area disturbed by grading and heavy landscaping. Previously assessed in 2004. No archaeological potential found.
Aesthetic Impact	High, in the Niagara Escarpment	High within residential	Γhe City has resear	rched and consulte	ed with its own
Land Ownership	Owned by the City	Owner of brookless Office	<u>-</u>		
Noise, Traffic, and Dust Impacts Disrupting Surrounding Area During Construction	High, near residential areas. High traffic impact on Jerseyville Rd. W.	traffic impact on Garner	eal Estate Section and any evidence of	•	
	Economic Considerations		•		
Capital Cost including Land Acquisition (\$M)	\$6.8	\$6.9 P r	roperty values."		
	Technical Considerations				
Tower Height	49 m	53 m			
Constructability and Site Access	Accessible by urban local road Jerseyville Rd. W.	Accessible by minor arti	lthough requested	, the city has not r	provided me
System Reliability and Hydraulic Performance	Located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.	most preferred hydraum pressures in the district under gravity. In close p existing 400mm diametr	ith a copy of this rome to this conclus	esearch and meth	
		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	entaged		
Summary	Located within the Niagara Escarpment and near a built heritage area. Contains archaeological potential. Owned by the City. High aesthetic impact on the Escarpment and high impact during construction. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by urban local roads. Less preferred hydraulically.	Located besheritage and Significant Vetland. No archaeological potential High impact during conduction due to being within a major principal area. Owned by the City. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	archaeological potential. Privately owned. Is not near major residential areas and will have low construction impact. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	heritage areas. Owned by the City. High impact during construction due to being within a major residential area. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Most preferred hydraulically.	No archaeological potential. Large aesthetic and construction noise impact on the residential area. Owned by the City. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Least preferred hydraulically.
		,			

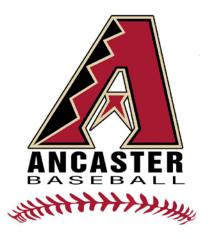


_	Site #1	Site #2	Site #3, #4, #7 to #12	Site #5	Site #6
Evaluation Criteria	North-East corner of Martin Rd. and Jerseyville Rd. W.	West of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W In James Smith Park	South-West corner of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W.	North-West of Southcote Rd. and Garner Rd. E.	North-East of Raymond Rd. and Rymal Rd. W.
	Natural Environment Considerations				
Proximity to Environmentally Sensitive Areas	In Niagara Escarpment	Identified as Provincially Significant Wetland by City. Sections of previously disturbed areas. No natural features of note.			
	Social & Cultural Environment Consider	•			
Proximity to Built Heritage Areas	Near Designated Built Heritage Area	Near Designated Built Heritage Area			
Proximity to Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Areas	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	Area disturbed by grading and heavy landscaping. Previously assessed in 1995 and 1997. No archaeological potential found.	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required. A portion of the area within the sites has been identified as Cultural	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	Area disturbed by grading and heavy landscaping. Previously assessed in 2004. No archaeological potential found.
Aesthetic Impact	High, in the Niagara Escarpment	Tilgilly u	itilized greenspace a	nd community centr	High, within residential areas
Land Ownership	Owned by the City	Owned by le City Noiso ha	oc dotrimontal impa	ct on students perfo	rmanco
Noise, Traffic, and Dust Impacts Disrupting Surrounding Area During Construction	High, near residential areas. High traffic impact on Jerseyville Rd. W.	riigit a luiiir rooldoridal aroab. riigit	vill blow dust toward	riigii, widiiri resideridai areas Low	traffic impact on local roads
	Economic Considerations				
Capital Cost including Land Acquisition (\$M)	\$6.8	\$6.9			
	Technical Considerations				
Tower Height	49 m	53 m			
Constructability and Site Access	Accessible by urban local road Jerseyville Rd. W.	Accessible by minor arterial road Garner Rd.			
System Reliability and Hydraulic Performance	Located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.	Most preferred hydraulically. Highest pressures in the district when operated under gravity. In close proximity to the existing 400mm diameter trunk main along Garner Rd.			
		THE RESIDENCE THE			
Summary	Located within the Niagara Escarpment and near a built heritage area. Contains archaeological potential. Owned by the City. High aesthetic impact on the Escarpment and high impact during construction. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by urban local roads. Less preferred hydraulically.	Located besheritage are Significant wetland. We archaeological potential High impact during core diction due to being within a major protection due to be a major protectio	archaeological potential. Privately owned. Is not near major residential areas and will have low construction impact. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	heritage areas. Owned by the City. High impact during construction due to being within a major residential area. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Most preferred hydraulically.	No archaeological potential. Large aesthetic and construction noise impact on the residential area. Owned by the City. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Least preferred hydraulically.

Community Impact







600 Members

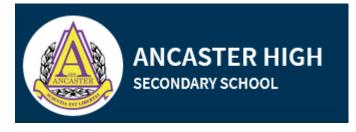


2,200 Participants



1,200 Participants





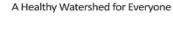
990 Students 500 Participants Dared-to-Tri Race



Autumn Stroll









Residents



	Site #1	Site #2	Site #3, #4, #7 to #12	Site #5	Site #6
Evaluation Criteria	North-East corner of Martin Rd. and Jerseyville Rd. W.	West of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W In James Smith Park	South-West corner of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W.	North-West of Southcote Rd. and Garner Rd. E.	North-East of Raymond Rd. and Rymal Rd. W.
	Natural Environment Considerations				
Proximity to Environmentally Sensitive Areas	In Niagara Escarpment	Identified as Provincially Significant Wetland by City. Sections of previously disturbed areas. No natural features of note.			
	Social & Cultural Environment Conside	•			
Proximity to Built Heritage Areas	Near Designated Built Heritage Area	Near Designated Built Heritage Area			
Proximity to Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Areas	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	Area disturbed by grading and heavy landscaping. Previously assessed in 1995 and 1997. No archaeological potential found.			
Aesthetic Impact	High, in the Niagara Escarpment	High, within residential areas			
Land Ownership	Owned by the City	Owned by the City			
Noise, Traffic, and Dust Impacts Disrupting Surrounding Area During Construction	High, near residential areas. High traffic impact on Jerseyville Rd. W.	High, within residential areas. High traffic impact on Garner Rd.			
	Economic Considerations				
Capital Cost including Land Acquisition (\$M)	\$6.8	\$6.9			
	Technical Considerations	Distance Distance	e to pumping station	will result in reduce	h
Tower Height	49 m	33 111	- JZ III S		∽ 60 m
Constructability and Site Access	Accessible by urban local road Jerseyville Rd. W.	efficienc	cy requiring more po	wer than planned.	
	Located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low	ander gravity. In close provimity to the	e size is 300mm - cre	Lunder gravity. In close provimity to the	
System Reliability and Hydraulic Performance	pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.	along Garrier Ru.	ciency losses. Te. Inc ad to pressure losses	reased power consu	Imption. experience low pressure during maximum day condition. In addition, the reservoir location is serviced by 300mm
	pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.	along Garrier Ru.	along Garner Ru.	along Garrier Ru.	maximum day condition. In addition, the
	pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater	along Garrier Ru.	along Garner Ru.	along Garrier Ru.	maximum day condition. In addition, the



	Site #1	Site #2	Site #3, #4, #7 to #12	Site #5	Site #6
Evaluation Criteria	North-East corner of Martin Rd. and Jerseyville Rd. W.	West of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W In James Smith Park	South-West corner of Fiddler's Green Rd. and Garner Rd. W.	North-West of Southcote Rd. and Garner Rd. E.	North-East of Raymond Rd. and Rymal Rd. W.
	Natural Environment Considerations				
Proximity to Environmentally Sensitive	In Niagara Escarpment	disturbed areas. No natural features of	Matural Haritaga Oustaga and	, but the location is	
Areas				DVCA. It is in close	proximity to an
	Social & Cultural Environment Conside	extreme	ely sensitive environ	mental area.	
Proximity to Built Heritage Areas	Near Designated Built Heritage Area	Near Designated Built Heritage Area			
Proximity to built Heritage Areas	0	This, an	d also located near i	residential area and	could
Proximity to Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Areas	Several sections appear undisturbed and retain archaeological potential. A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	cause de	evaluation of proper	rty values.	
		Significa	nt disruption to spo	orts, clubs, events	
Aesthetic Impact	High, in the Niagara Escarpment	might, within the idential areas	Low, South of Carner Rd.	High, within residential areas	High, within residential areas
Land Ownership	Owned by the City High, near residential areas. High traffic	Proven s	studies show noise h	nas detrimental impa	act on students
Noise, Traffic, and Dust Impacts Disrupting Surrounding Area During Construction	impact on Jerseyville Rd. W.	perform	ance.	traffic impact on local roads	
	Economic Considerations	Winds w	vill bow dust toward	s community	
Capital Cost including Land Acquisition (\$M)	\$6.8	\$6.9	\$8.3	\$6.9	
Tower Height	Technical Considerations 49 m	Distance	e to pumping station	will result in reduce	ed efficiency
Constructability and Site Access	Accessible by urban local road Jerseyville Rd. W.	requirin	g more power than	planned.	
System Reliability and Hydraulic Performance	Located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.	efficience along Gamer Rd.		eate increases pipe f sed power consumpt s.	
	Located within the Niagara Escarpment	Located hes Logget r	referred		ally
Summary	and near a built heritage area. Contains archaeological potential. Owned by the City. High aesthetic impact on the Escarpment and high impact during construction. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by urban local roads. Less preferred hydraulically.	heritage are Significate Welland. No archaeological potential High impact during copy action due to being within a major addential area. Owned by the City. Heduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	archaeological potential. Privately owned. Is not near major residential areas and will have low construction impact. Reduced reservoir height. Accessible by minor arterial road. Most preferred hydraulically.	heritage areas. Owned by the City. High impact during construction due to being within a major residential area. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Most preferred hydraulically.	No archaeological potential. Large aesthetic and construction noise impact on the residential area. Owned by the City. Reservoir is required to be taller due to lower ground height. Accessible only by urban local roads. Least preferred hydraulically.
Rank	Least preferred	Less preferred	Most preferred	Less preferred	Less preferred

Ancaster Elevated Water Reservoir

Schedule 'B' Municipal Class EA

Panel No. 10

Site 2,13 and 14 are disqualified because they are objected by NAV Canada and the Airport



	Site #1	Site #15
Evaluation Criteria	North-East corner of Martin Rd. and Jerseyville Rd. W. In the Robert E Wade Ancaster Community Park	South of Jerseyville Rd. W., in-between Paddy Green Rd. and Shaver Rd.
Natural Environment Considerations		
Proximity to Regulated Areas	Some portions of Site 1 are regulated by the Hamilton Conservation Authority. However, the proposed siting of the water tower on Site 1 is not within a regulated area and the HCA has confirmed that a permit would not be required. The proposed elevated water reservoir may require mitigation measures to avoid possible adverse impacts to these lands.	Portions of Site 15 are within lands regulated by the Grand River Conservation Authority. Site 15 is also in close proximity to Significant Woodlands and may require mitigation measures to avoid possible adverse impacts to adjacent watercourses.
Wetlands	There are no wetlands located on or in proximity to Site 1.	Unevaluated wetlands occur approximately 50.0 metres to the southeast and 10.0m to the west of Site 15.
Woodlands	There are no identified woodlands located on Site 1.	There are no identified woodlands located on Site 15.
Significant Wildife Habitat	No Significant Wildlife Habitat functions are attributed to Site 1.	No Significant Wildlife Habitat functions are attributed to Site 15.
ANSI	The Hamilton Official Plan identifies a woodland adjacent to Site 1 as an ANSI. However, the NHIC mapping does not show the presence of an ANSI.	There is no ANSI on or adjacent to Site 15.
Fisheries and Aquatic Resources	There are no watercourses located on Site 1, however there is a watercourse located within 100.0m.	There are no watercourses on Site 15, however there is a watercourse located within 50.0m.
Habitat of Threatened and Endangered Species	No SAR were identified on Site 1.	Barn Swallows, a SAR, were observed on Site 15.
Social & Cultural Environment Consi	derations	
Proximity to Cultural Heritage Resources	Site 1 is adjacent to the Woodend Estate (municipal address 838 Mineral Springs Road), a Designated Heritage Property.	Site 15 is not adjacent to and contains no known cultural or heritage resources.
Impact to Archaelogical Resources	A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.	A Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment is required.
Visual Impact to the Niagara Escarpment	Site 1 is located on lands designated under the Niagara Escarpment Plan and is adjoent to the Niagara Escarptment itself. This represents a potential visual obstruction of the Escarpment. Accordingly, the Niagara Escarpment Commission has requested a Visual Impact Assessment (VIA) to be completed.	Site 15 is not located on lands designated under the Niagara Escarpment Plan.
Visual Impact to Residents	Site 1 is adjacent to a major residential area south of Jerseyville Road West. Skylining mitigation measures will be required.	Site 15 is not adjacent to major residential areas, however skylining mitigation measures will be required.
Land Tenure	Site 1 is owned by the City and property acquisition is not required.	Site 15 is owned by the City and property acquisition is not required.
Construction Impact Mitigation	Site 1 construction will require temporary closure of portions of the existing community recreational area, Acute impacts from construction activity will be managed through a Construction Mitigation Plan.	Site 15 construction will require temporary closure of portions of the existing community recreational area. Acute impacts from construction activity will be managed through a Construction Mitigation Plan.
Long Term Public Health & Safety	Site 1 does not pose any known long-term risks to public health & safety.	Site 15 is located on a former municipal landfill. The potential for soil contamination with the presence of an elevated water reservoir may pose a long-term risk to public health & safety.
Impact to the City of Hamilton John C Munro International Airport Airspace	NAV CANADA has indicated a preference for Site 1. Site 1 does not represent a risk to the current and future safe operation of the City of Hamilton International Airport Airspace.	NAV CANADA determined Site 15 represents a heightened risk to the current and long-term safe operation of the City of Hamilton International Airport airspace.
Land Use Regulations	Site 1 is located on lands designated under the Nagara Escarpment Plan and is subject to a Visual Impact Assessment and NEC Development Permit prior to construction. Portions of Site 1 are also regulated by the Hamilton Conservation Authority. Pending the final siting of the proposed elevated water reservoir, a permit from the NEP and HCA may be required. Accordingly, the NEP must be satisified with the EA (and related studies) prior to reviewing an application for a Development Permit.	Portions of Site 15 are within lands regulated by the Grand River Conservation Authority. Pending the final siting of the proposed elevated water reservoir, a permit from the GRCA may be required.
Economic Considerations		
Capital Cost including Land Acquisition (\$M)1	\$14.0	\$14.5
Technical Considerations		
Site Access	Access to Site 1 would be provided via Jerseyville Road West.	Access to Site 1 would be provided via Jerseyville Road West.
Tower Height (m)	49	80
System Reliability and Hydraulic Performance	Site 1 is located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.	Site 15 is located within the highest elevation area of the pressure district, near the areas more likely to experience low pressures. The distance from the pumping station and the size of the pipe feeding the site results in greater pressure losses.
RANKING	Site 1	Site 15
	Preferred	Less Preferred
¹ Based on a tank capacity of 9.91 ML		

Community Petition

Approximately 40 posters and 300 flyers delivered to local residents. Blocked from posting information at Community Centre

Preserve Ancaster's Green Space and the Aesthetics of the Dundas Valley Conservation Area





A water tower should not be constructed at the Robert E. Wade Community Park

There is a feasible and arguably preferred alternative available, I believe we should do everything possible to protect and preserve this community space.

Poor Location

Negative Impacts Feasible Alternatives Exist Community Support for Alternative