

Statement of Principles Public Health Modernization November 2019

BACKGROUND

On April 11, 2019 the Minister of Finance announced the 2019 Ontario Budget, which included a pledge to modernize "the way public health units are organized, allowing for a focus on Ontario's residents, broader municipal engagement, more efficient service delivery, better alignment with the health care system and more effective staff recruitment and retention to improve public health promotion and prevention".

Plans announced for this initiative included regionalization and governance changes to achieve economies of scale, streamlined back-office functions and better-coordinated action by public health units, adjustments to the provincial-municipal cost-sharing of public health funding and an emphasis on digitizing and streamlining processes.

On November 6, 2019, further details were presented as part of the government's Fall Economic Statement, which reiterates the Province's consideration of "how to best deliver public health in a way that is coordinated, resilient, efficient and nimble, and meets the evolving health needs and priorities of communities". To this end, the government is renewing consultations with municipal governments and the public health sector under the leadership of Special Advisor Jim Pine, who is also the Chief Administrative Officer of the County of Hastings. The aim of the consultation is to ensure:

- Better consistency and equity of service delivery across the province;
- Improved clarity and alignment of roles and responsibilities between the Province, Public Health Ontario and local public health;
- Better and deeper relationships with primary care and the broader health care system to support the goal of ending hallway health care through improved health promotion and prevention;
- Unlocking and promoting leading innovative practices and key strengths from across the province; and
- Improved public health delivery and the sustainability of the system.

In preparation for these consultations and with the intent of actively supporting positive systemic change, the alPHa Board of Directors has agreed on the following principles as a foundation for its separate and formal submissions to the consultation process.

PRINCIPLES

Foundational Principle

1) Any and all changes must serve the goal of strengthening the Ontario public health system's capacity to improve population health in all of Ontario's communities through the effective and efficient local delivery of evidence-based public health programs and services.

Organizational Principles

- 2) Ontario's public health system must remain financially and administratively separate and distinct from the health care system.
- 3) The strong, independent local authority for planning and delivery of public health programs and services must be preserved, including the authority to customize centralized public health programming or messaging according to local circumstances.
- 4) Parts I-V and Parts VI.1 IX of the Health Protection and Promotion Act should be retained as the statutory framework for the purpose of the Act, which is to "provide for the organization and delivery of public health programs and services, the prevention of the spread of disease and the promotion and protection of the health of the people of Ontario".
- 5) The Ontario Public Health Standards: Requirements for Programs, Services, and Accountability should be retained as the foundational basis for local planning and budgeting for the delivery of public health programs and services.
- 6) Special consideration will need to be given to the effects of any proposed organizational change on Ontario's many Indigenous communities, especially those with a close relationship with the boards of health for the health units within which they are located. Opportunities to formalize and improve these relationships must be explored as part of the modernization process.

Capacity Principles

- 7) Regardless of the sources of funding for public health in Ontario, mechanisms must be included to ensure that the total funding envelope is stable, predictable, protected and sufficient for the full delivery of all public health programs and services whether they are mandated by the province or developed to serve unique local needs as authorized by Section 9 of the Health Protection and Promotion Act.
- 8) Any amalgamation of existing public health units must be predicated on evidence-based conclusions that it will demonstrably improve the capacity to deliver public health programs and services to the residents of that area. Any changes to boundaries must respect and preserve existing municipal and community stakeholder relationships.
- 9) Provincial supports (financial, legal, administrative) must be provided to assist existing local public health agencies in their transition to any new state without interruption to front-line services.

Governance Principles

- 10) The local public health governance body must be autonomous, have a specialized and devoted focus on public health, with sole oversight of dedicated and non-transferable public health resources.
- 11) The local public health governance body must reflect the communities that it serves through local representation, including municipal, citizen and / or provincial appointments from within the area. Appointments should be made with full consideration of skill sets, reflection of the area's socio-demographic characteristics and understanding of the purpose of public health.
- 12) The leadership role of the local Medical Officer of Health as currently defined in the Health Protection and Promotion act must be preserved with no degradation of independence, leadership or authority.

DESIRED OUTCOMES

- Population health in Ontario will benefit from a highly skilled, trusted and properly resourced public health sector at both the provincial and local levels.
- Increased public and political recognition of the critical importance of investments in health protection and promotion and disease prevention to population health and the sustainability of the health care system.
- Local public health will have the capacity to efficiently and equitably deliver both universal public health programs and services and those targeted at at-risk / vulnerable / priority populations.
- The geographical and organizational characteristics of any new local public health agencies will ensure critical mass to efficiently and equitably deliver public health programs and services in all parts of the province.
- The geographical and organizational characteristics of any new local public health agencies will preserve and improve relationships with municipal governments, boards of education, social services organizations, First Nations communities, Ontario Health Teams and other local stakeholders.
- The geographical and organizational characteristics of any new local public health agencies will reflect the geographical, demographic and social makeup of the communities they serve in order to ensure that local public health needs are assessed and equitably and efficiently addressed.
- Local public health will benefit from strong provincial supports, including a robust Ontario Agency for Health Protection and Promotion (Public Health Ontario) and a robust and independent Office of the Chief Medical Officer of Health.
- The expertise and skills of Ontario's public health sector will be recognized and utilized by decision makers across sectors to ensure that health and health equity are assessed and addressed in all public policy.