Financial Statements of

# HAMILTON FARMERS' MARKET CORPORATION

Year ended December 31, 2019

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Chairman and Members of the Board of Management of the Hamilton Farmers' Market Corporation and Members of Council of the City of Hamilton.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of The Hamilton Farmer's Market Corporation (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2019, and its results of operations, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

LPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Hamilton, Canada

May 4, 2020

Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

#### Financial Statements

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Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

		2019		
Financial assets				
Cash	\$	2,100	\$	1,600
HST receivable	·	22,547	,	14,432
Accounts receivable		84,025		62,155
Inventory		4,473		8,015
		113,145		86,202
Financial liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		10,204		11,771
Deferred revenues		2,886		· -
Due to City of Hamilton (note 2)		89,835		66,980
Unredeemed gift certificates		10,220		7,451
		113,145		86,202
Net financial assets and accumulated surplus	\$	-	\$	-

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On-behalf of the Board:

Director

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Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

		Budge	t	2019	2018
		(note 3)			
Revenue:					
Merchandise sales	\$	7,500	\$	3,512	\$ 3,654
Rental income		533,180		519,225	530,453
Other revenues		168,000		165,542	 169,514
		708,680		688,279	703,621
City levy funded deficit		112,800		112,800	111,000
City of Hamilton subsidy		-		58,189	(39,419)
		821,480		859,268	 775,202
Expenses:					
Employee related costs		321,960		328,804	310,275
Building and grounds		248,520		306,187	237,495
Contractual		164,230		115,402	133,738
Materials and Supplies		77,320		92,553	78,683
Financial		9,450		16,322	10,761
Consulting				-	 4,250
Total expenses		821,480		859,268	775,202
Annual surplus, being net financial assets					
and accumulated surplus, end of year	*	~		-	-
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		~		-	-
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

		2018		
Cash provided by:				
Operating activities:				
Annual surplus	\$	-	\$	
Changes in non-cash assets and liabilities:				
Change in HST receivable		(8,115)		(3,654)
Change in accounts receivable		(21,870)		(11,379)
Change in inventory		3,542		2,781
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,567)		655
Change in deferred revenue		2,886		8,024
Change in due to City of Hamilton		22,855		(1,348)
Change in unredeemed gift certificates		2,769		5,521
Change in prepaid rent		-		-
Net change in cash from operating activities		500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	600
Net change in cash		500	<del></del>	600
Cash, beginning of year		1,600		1,000
Cash, end of year	\$	2,100	\$	1,600

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

The Hamilton Farmers' Market Corporation referred to herein as (the "Market Corporation") was established on December 21, 2015 by the Council of the City of Hamilton (the "City") and has been entrusted to provide the public with access to high quality, nutritious and locally grown food. The Market Corporation also provides opportunities for farmers and food producers to serve the general public. The City owns the market facilities and arranges with the Market Corporation to exclusively manage and operate the facilities on the City's behalf.

#### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the Market Corporation are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("PSAS") as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant accounting policies adopted by the Market Corporation are as follows:

#### (a) Basis of accounting:

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

Revenues are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized as they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized in the period goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred.

#### (b) Cash:

Cash is comprised of cash on hand.

#### (c) Inventory:

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

#### (d) Government transfers:

Government transfers received relate to operating grants from the City of Hamilton. Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenues when the transfer is authorized, any eligibility criteria are met and a reasonable estimate of the amounts can be made except when, and to the extent that, stipulations by the transferors give rise to an obligation that meet the definition of a liability. Government transfers that meet the definition of a liability are recognized as revenue as the liability is extinguished.

#### (e) Rental and other income:

Other income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

#### (f) Non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

#### (g) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. Related party transactions:

#### (a) Transactions with related parties:

	2019	2018
Revenue: City levy funded deficit	\$ 112,800	\$ 111,000
City of Hamilton subsidy adjustment	 58,189	 (39,419)
	\$ 170,989	\$ 66,980

These transactions have been reflected in the annual surplus for the current year and were measured at the exchange amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

#### (b) Reserves held by related parties:

The City of Hamilton holds a reserve fund on behalf of the Hamilton Farmers' Market Corporation. Use of the funds requires approval of both the Market Corporation's Board as well as the Council of the City of Hamilton. The funds are permitted to be used to ensure the viability of the Market Corporation if other sources of funding are not available. The balance of the reserve fund as at December 31, 2019 is \$115,106 (2018 – 75,687).

#### (c) Outstanding balances due to related parties:

	2019			2018		
City of Hamilton	\$	89,835	\$	66,980		

The amount due to City of Hamilton is non-interest bearing and has no fixed terms of repayment.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

#### 3. Budget data:

The budget data presented in these financial statements is based upon the 2019 budget approved by Council.

#### 4. Subsequent event

Subsequent to December 31, 2019 the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. This has resulted in governments worldwide, including the Canadian and Ontario governments, enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses globally and in Ontario resulting in an economic slowdown. Governments and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions however the success of these interventions is not currently determinable. The current challenging economic climate may lead to adverse changes in cash flows, which may also have a direct impact on the Market Corporation's operating results and financial position in the future. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and our business are not known at this time.