







# **Economic Impact Assessment**

Final Report – 108th Grey Cup – Hamilton, ON

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#### WHAT IS EI?

Economic Impact Assessment (EIA) studies measure the positive change in economic activity resulting from hosting an event in a specific city/town. There are three factors:

- The spending of out-of-town visitors while they attend the event(s);
- 2. The expenditures of the event organizers in producing the event(s);
- 3. Capital construction costs that are directly attributed to hosting the event(s).

An El study calculates the amount of new money being spent in the host community as a direct result of hosting the event(s), and then the impact these new monies have on the regional, provincial and national economies as a whole.





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#### **HOW DO WE MEASURE EI?**

Sport Tourism Canada (formerly the Canadian Sport Tourism Alliance) has developed three tools called **STEAM<sup>2.0</sup>**, **STEAMPRO<sup>2.0</sup>** and **FESTPRO** to predict, collect, measure and analyze event data across the three primary channels.

**STEAM<sup>2,0</sup>** is designed specifically as a <u>predictive model</u> to determine the expected economic impact of hosting a sport event, while **STEAMPRO<sup>2,0</sup>** is utilized to generate the economic impact from <u>actual spending data</u> during the sport event itself.

STC's latest tool, called **FESTPRO**, is the sister model to **STEAMPRO**<sup>2,0</sup>. It measures the economic impact of non-sport events like festivals, exhibitions and fairs using <u>actual spending data</u> collected during the event.

Our economic impact services empower event organizers and host cities to accurately assess economic impact resulting from hosting a specific event in a specific location.



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#### RELIABILITY OF THE MODEL

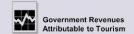
In order to produce economic contribution assessments that are robust and reliable, STC has partnered with the **Canadian Tourism Research Institute (CTRI)** at **The Conference Board of Canada**. The CTRI serves the travel and tourism industry in providing sound economic forecasts and models with timely and insightful interpretation of data specifically relevant to travel.

The findings in this report make use of the most current and detailed input-output tables and multipliers available from Statistics Canada and leverages the credibility and robustness of sector specific tax data available from Statistics Canada's Government Revenues Attributable to Tourism (GRAT) report.





Statistics Canada



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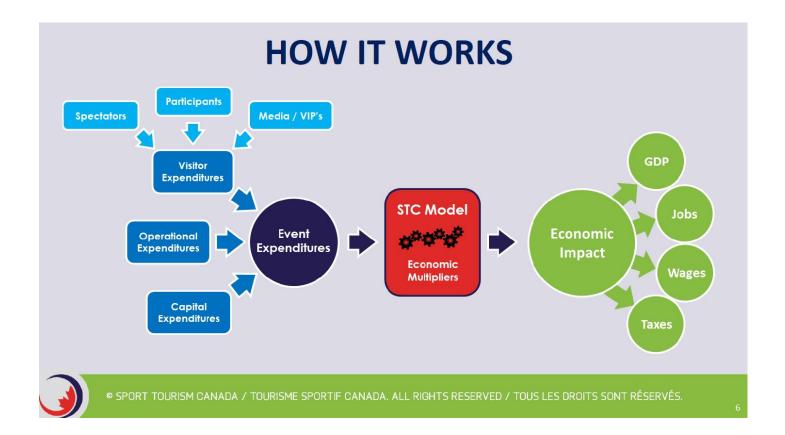
## **MODEL OUTPUTS**

The elements (outputs of the model) used to measure the economic impacts are:

- Gross Domestic Product (GDP)
- Wages & Salaries
- Employment
- Taxes
- Industry Output

STC's **STEAMPRO<sup>2.0</sup>** measures the direct, indirect & induced effects for each of these elements.

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#### **RELIABILITY OF THE DATA**

For this study, the Canadian Football League utilized Sport Tourism Canada staff to manage the survey process and collect data onsite during three (3) days of the event. Surveyors were recruited from the Brock University Sport Management Program and were trained and supervised by a Sport Tourism Canada Field Supervisor.

As a result of having a member of the STC Economic Impact Team on the ground during the event, STC is able to validate the data records generated that underpins this analysis.

Additionally, based on the survey sample of **733** valid responses, the margin of error for results contained in this report is calculated at +/-3.7% at the **95%** confidence level.

#### **METHODOLOGY**

The visitor statistics cited in this report were derived from an on-site survey that was conducted over three (3) days of the event. The survey was developed by STC specifically for this event and was administered three ways onsite 1) by a team of surveyors intercepting spectators, 2) a series of self-complete kiosks set up in the Social Halls, and 3) through the use of a QR code provided to allow respondents to complete the survey at their leisure on their personal device.

A total of **733** valid responses were collected during this event.

The survey included a variety of questions for the spectators with regards to their age, place of residence, days attended, etc., while respondents from out-of-town were asked about their length of stay in the local area, the amount of money spent in various categories while in the area, as well as the importance of this event in their decision to travel to Hamilton. Additionally, attendees were asked about their feelings of "safety" during COVID and what additional event protocols could have enhanced their feeling of safety.







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### THE EVENT



SUNDAY, DECEMBER 12, 2021
TIM HORTONS FIELD

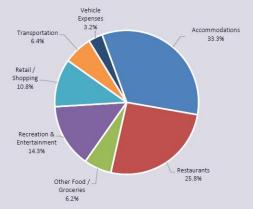
The Grey Cup and Grey Cup Festival are one of Canada's marquis sporting events and one of Canada's longest standing sporting events. The event attracts thousands of spectators and football fans from across the country and boasts millions of spectators on television. The Grey Cup Festival unites fans through a multitude of events including displays, concerts, family fun zones, team parties, and educational events.

The 108<sup>th</sup> Grey Cup, was held in Hamilton, Ontario at Tim Hortons Field on December 12, 2021 with the Grey Cup Festival running from December 9-12, 2021. An exciting game that was ultimately won by the defending champion Winnipeg Blue Bombers in a 33-25 overtime victory over the Hamilton Tiger-Cats.

### **SPECTATOR SPENDING**

	Per Party	Overall
Accommodations	\$550.62	\$4,062,342
Restaurants	\$426.01	\$3,832,995
Other Food / Groceries	\$102.19	\$919,424
Recreation & Entertainment	\$236.26	\$2,125,686
Retail / Shopping	\$179.15	\$1,611,836
Transportation	\$105.60	\$950,132
Vehicle Expenses	\$52.03	\$468,163
Total	\$1,651.86	\$13,970,578

# Aggregate spectator spending was nearly \$14 million



\* Spectator spending shown here is scaled by "importance of this event" on respondents reason for being in Hamilton (9.3/10 or 93%).



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#### OTHER VISITOR SPENDING

	Overall
Accommodations	\$227,873
Restaurants	\$165,466
Other Food / Groceries	\$28,308
Recreation & Entertainment	\$32,545
Retail / Shopping	\$63,732
Transportation	\$23,943
Vehicle Expenses	\$41,589
Total	\$583,456

Other visitor spending totalled just over \$583,000 and was calculated from the other constituent groups (i.e. participants, support staff, officials, alumni, media, VIP's, production personnel, and non-participating team delegates.

Aggregate visitor spending was nearly \$14.6 million



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#### **OPERATIONAL & CAPITAL EXPENDITURES**

To ensure the successful operation and staging of this event, the combined purchase of **goods and services** by the CFL and the Organizing Committee in Hamilton was \$7,878,474. No capital expenditures were incurred.

Operational \$7,878,474

Capital **\$0** 

These operational expenditures include, but are not limited to fees & commissions, facility rental, marketing and advertising services, professional services, communications, food and beverage, accommodations, merchandise, travel, transportation, and storage.



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#### THE EI RESULTS

The combined spending of out-of-town participants, staff, spectators, media, VIP's, and other people who visited Hamilton for the 108th Grey Cup, in combination with the expenditures made by the event organizers, totalled just over \$22.4 million, supporting just over \$34.8 million in overall economic activity in Ontario, including over \$29.8 million of economic activity in the Hamilton area.

These expenditures supported \$12.3 million in wages and salaries in the province through the support of 233 jobs, of which 206 jobs and \$10.3 million in wages and salaries were supported locally.

The total net economic activity (GDP) generated by the  $108^{\rm th}$  Grey Cup was:

- \$21.6 million for Canada as a whole
- \$18.2 million for the province of Ontario
- \$14.5 million for the city of Hamilton

The 2021 Grey Cup supported tax revenues totaling almost \$7.1 million across Canada.

	Hamilton	Ontario	Canada
Initial Expenditure	\$22,432,508	\$22,432,508	\$22,432,508
GDP	\$14,525,313	\$18,232,321	\$21,598,120
Wages & Salaries	\$10,269,757	\$12,255,735	\$14,139,339
Employment	205.9	232.8	267.4
Total Taxes	\$4,752,271	\$5,911,311	\$7,094,130
Federal	\$2,216,224	\$2,745,575	\$3,189,641
Provincial	\$2,133,766	\$2,691,925	\$3,334,230
Municipal	\$402,282	\$473,811	\$570,259
Industry Output	\$29,826,190	\$34,844,632	\$41,320,385

 $^{*}$  Figures shown here are the Total Impact for each category (direct + indirect + induced)



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#### **GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT** \$21,598,120 \$18,232,321 \$14,525,313 GDP (at basic prices) By hosting the 108th Grey Cup in Hamilton, Ontario \$8,548,069 \$8,548,069 \$8,600,944 \$7,683,691 contributed just under \$21.6 \$6,095,845 \$3,784,446 million in GDP to the \$3,588,406 \$2,192,798 Canadian economy through direct and spin-off impacts. Induced Impact Total Impact Direct Impact Indirect Impact ■ Hamilton ■ Ontario ■ Canada



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# **ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS**

The following pages summarize the results from questions that were included as part of the survey but were not all necessarily required for the economic impact analysis calculations.

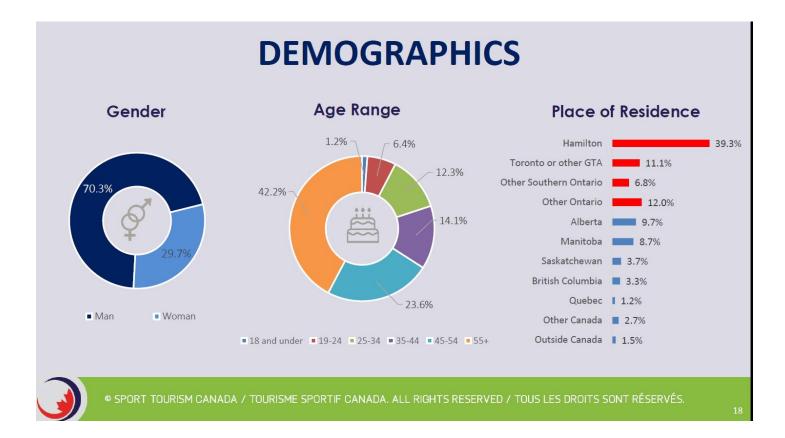


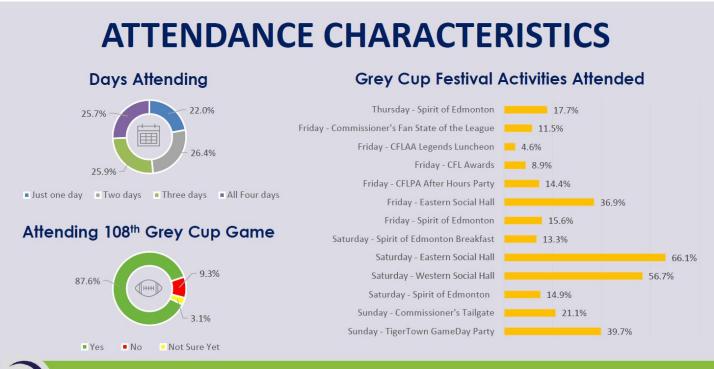






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#### TRAVEL CHARACTERISTICS

82% of out-of-town attendees stayed overnight during their visit to Hamilton



Of those staying overnight...

- 52% Stayed in a hotel
- 14% Stayed with friends/family
- 32% Used a short term rental
- 2% Made other arrangements

Average nights in Hamilton = 3.5



Average travel party size = 1.9 people



73% of attendees indicated that this event was the sole reason for their visit to Hamilton.

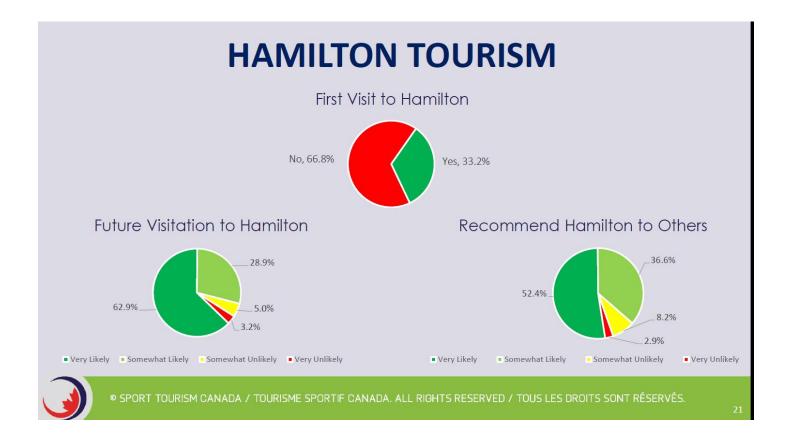
Overall, the importance of this event in influencing visitation to Hamilton was 9.3/10.



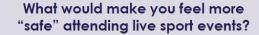
18% of out-of-town attendees made an average of 1.7 day trips to Hamilton



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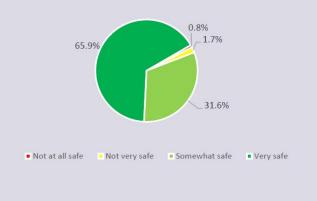


### **COVID-19 RELATED**





## How "safe" did you feel while attending Grey Cup festivities?





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# **SUMMARY | BY THE NUMBERS**

108 <sup>th</sup> Grey Cup in Hamilton – Key Facts & Figures					
\$22.4 million of initial expenditures	\$14.6 million of visitor spending	206 local jobs supported by the event	\$34.8 million overall economic activity in the province		
18,190 out of town visitors* in Hamilton	\$10.3 million of wages and salaries supported locally	\$18.2 million boost to provincial GDP	\$7.1 million in taxes supported across Canada		

\* Visitors derived from attendance figures obtained from event organizers combined with results from the survey.



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#### APPENDIX – GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Initial Expenditure - This figure indicates the amount of initial expenditures used in the analysis. This heading indicates not only the total magnitude of the spending but also the region in which it was spent (thus establishing the "impact" region).

Direct Impact - Relates ONLY to the impact on "front-line" businesses. These are businesses that initially receive the operating revenue or tourist expenditures for the project under analysis. From a business perspective, this impact is limited only to that particular business or group of businesses involved. From a tourist spending perspective, this can include all businesses such as hotels, restaurants, retail stores, transportation carriers, attraction facilities and so forth.

Indirect Impact - Refers to the impacts resulting from all intermediate rounds of production in the supply of goods and services to industry sectors identified in the direct impact phase.

Induced Impact - These impacts are generated as a result of spending by employees (in the form of consumer spending) and businesses (in the form of investment) that benefited either directly or indirectly from the initial expenditures under analysis.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) - This figure represents the total value of production of goods and services in the economy resulting from the initial expenditure under analysis (valued at market prices). GDP (at factor cost) - This figure represents the total value of production of goods and services produced by industries resulting from the factors of production. The distinction to GDP (at market prices) is that GDP (at factor cost) is less by the amount of indirect taxes plus subsidies.

Wages & Salaries - This figure represents the amount of wages and salaries generated by the initial expenditure. This information is presented by the aggregate of direct, indirect, and induced impacts.

**Employment** - Depending upon the selection of employment units (person-years or equivalent full-year jobs) these figures represent the employment generated by the initial expenditure. "Equivalent Full-Year Jobs", if selected, include both part-time and full-time work in ratios consistent with the specific industries.

Industry Output - These figures represent the direct & indirect and total impact (including induced impacts) on industry output generated by the initial tourism expenditure. It should be noted that the industry output measure represents the sum total of all economic activity that has taken place and consequently involve double counting on the part of the intermediate production phase. Since the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) figure includes only the net total of all economic activity (i.e. considers only the value added), the industry output measure will always exceed or at least equal the value of GDP.

Taxes - These figures represent the amount of taxes contributed to municipal, provincial, and federal levels of government relating to the project under analysis.



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#### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

If you have any questions concerning the findings in this report, please contact:

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If you would like to conduct another EI study using STEAM<sup>2.0</sup>, STEAMPRO<sup>2.0</sup> or FESTPRO on any other type of event, please contact research@sporttourismcanada.com



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