

Stormwater Fee Information & Incentive Program Consultation

Agriculture and Rural Affairs Sub-Committee City of Hamilton November 30, 2023

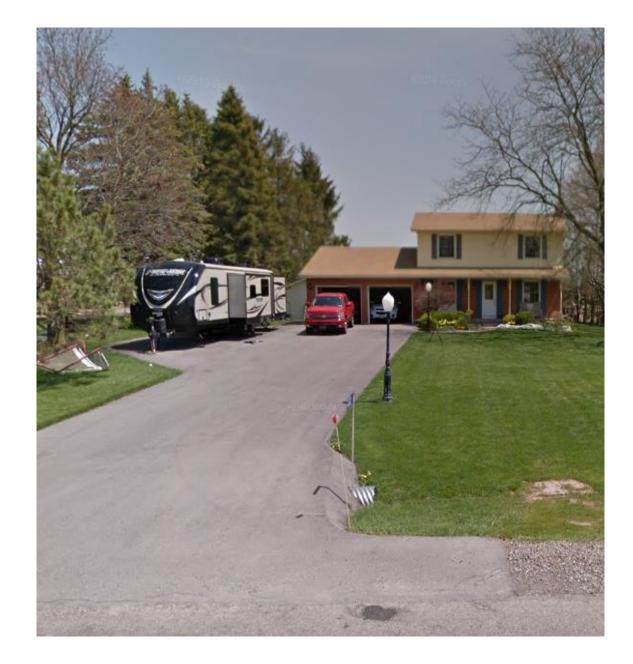
Presented by: Nancy Hill

Delivering a better world



What is Stormwater?

Rain, melting snow, and ice that washes off driveways, parking lots, roads, yards, rooftops, and other surfaces.¹





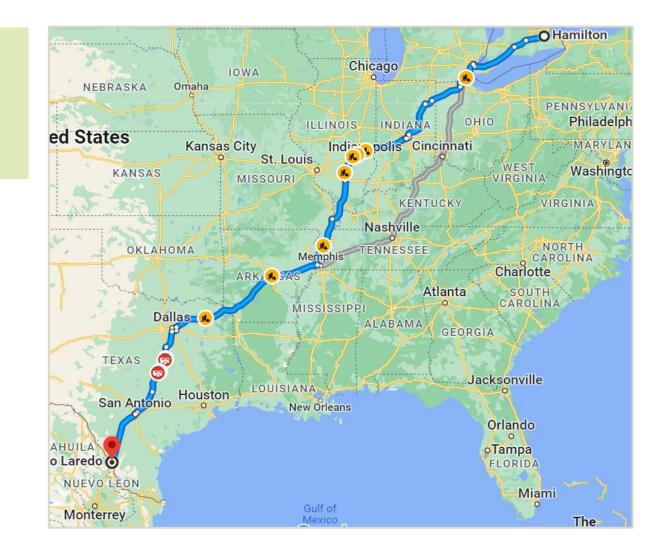
Hamilton's Stormwater System

Hamilton

to

Mexico

- 1,500 km ditches
- 1,200 km storm sewers
- 148 km watercourses
- 50,000 catch basins
- 3,500 culverts
- 4 infiltration facilities
- 126 ponds
- Value of **\$3.1 billion**





Rural & Urban Stormwater Systems = Watershed Management

⊞ ⊞

WHAT IS A WATERSHED?

How can salt impact a watershed?

Chlorides can contaminate drinking

of aquatic species.

water and negatively affect the health

An area that is drained by a river and its tributaries. Wherever you are right now, you are in a watershed.

WATERSHEDS DELIVER IMPORTANT BENEFITS

Human – provide safe drinking water and food, and help to reduce flooding and erosion.

Economic – produce energy, and supply water for agriculture, industry and homes.

Environment – promote a healthy water cycle, and provide vital habitat for wildlife and plants.

What is the Water Resource System?

Consists of groundwater and surface water features and areas, including streams, lakes, groundwater recharge areas and springs, needed to sustain healthy aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems, and human water supply.

What causes flooding?

Rivers naturally flood with heavy rain or snowmelt, but flooding can become a problem when buildings and other structures are placed in floodplains. Climate change and urbanization can make flooding worse.

MID.

What is the Natural Heritage System?

Consists of natural features and areas, including wetlands, forests, meadows and valleylands, that are needed to maintain biodiversity and healthy ecosystems.

How can agriculture impact a watershed?

Agricultural areas provide valuable greenspace and reduce stormwater, since precipitation can penetrate the soil. On the other hand, agricultural fields can release harmful contaminants into waterways as excess nutrients (e.g. phosphorous) and pesticides. Soil erosion from fields can increase the amount of sediment in waterways negatively affecting aquatic ecosystems.

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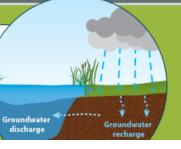
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How can urbanization impact a watershed?

Since impervious surfaces (roads, buildings, parking lots) prevent water from penetrating into soil, stormwater runoff can carry contaminants into waterways and increase the likelihood of flooding. Infrastructure and land use development can degrade habitat, reducing the quality and quantity of natural systems and their connectivity.

Surface and Groundwater Interaction

Rain and melting snow penetrate the soil in permeable areas draining into an aquifer (i.e. groundwater recharge areas). That groundwater can then discharge at springs into streams, wetlands or other surface water features.



What happens when stormwater and its infrastructure isn't managed?



Erosion



Debris in Creeks



Pollutants in creeks



Road Flooding



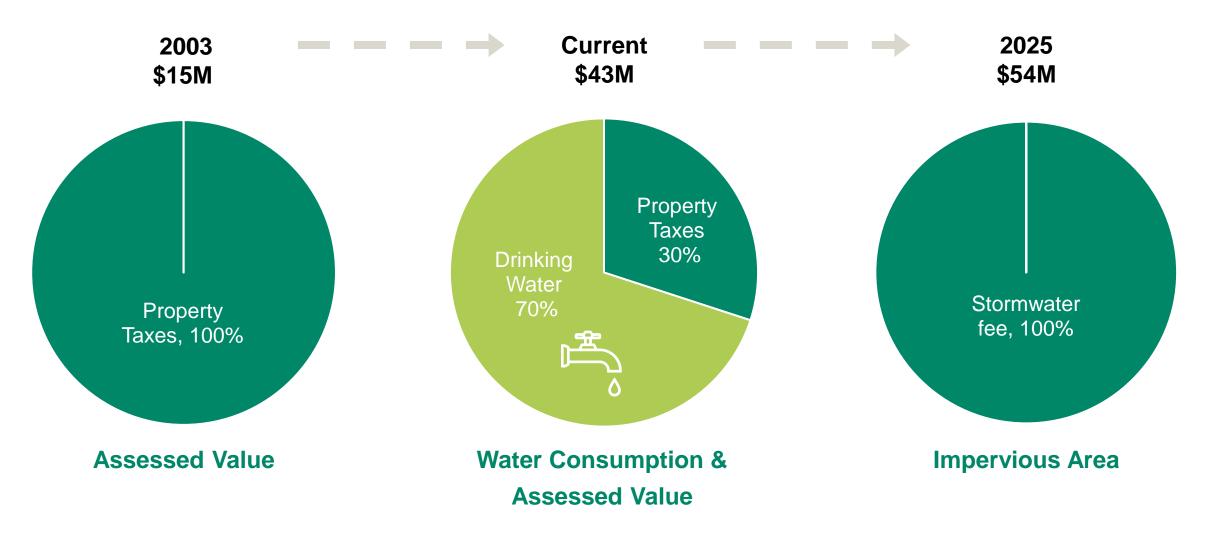
Flooding



Infrastructure Failure



How Does Hamilton Fund Stormwater?



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Stormwater Funding Breakdown

Stormwater Program Budget	2003 (previous)		2023 (current)		2025 (future)			
Conservation Authorities	\$4	27%	\$9.1	21%	\$9.5	18%		
Road Drainage Maintenance	\$1	7%	\$3.9	9%	\$4.0	7%		
Storm Operations/Capital	\$10	67%	\$30.0	70%	\$40.5	75%		
TOTAL	\$15 M/yr		\$43 M/yr		\$54 M/yr			
Funding Source								
Tax Levy								
	Water Ra	te						
Storm Fee								



2023 Tax Levy Funded Stormwater Funding

- Grand River Conservation Authority
- Conservation Halton
- Hamilton Conservation Authority
- Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority
- Roads Maintenance Drainage Programs

\$1.6M \$0.8M \$4.8M \$1.9M \$3.9M \$13 M

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Steps taken to address the inequity in Stormwater Funding

June 2022	Council directed staff to perform a stormwater	
funding model review and report back by June 2024		Guiding Principles
Nov 2022	Council approved Guiding Principles	1. Fair & equitable
fo	for stormwater model evaluation	2. Climate resilient &
January 2023	 Council directs staff to accelerate review and report back by June 2023 	environmentally sustainable
		3. Affordable & financially
June 2023	Council approved the new stormwater fee	sustainable
	structure & directed staff to consult the public on a financial incentive program	4. Justifiable
	public en a maneial meentre program	5. Simple
October 2023	Public consultation launched	

A stormwater fee with an associated credit program is a fairer, more transparent and sustainable funding model than the current system.



What are more equitable stormwater funding models based on?

Impervious area

- Roof
- Asphalt
- Concrete
- Compacted gravel
- Pavers (unless designed for infiltration)

Better estimate of stormwater impact than water consumption or assessed value.





What is the New Stormwater Funding Model Approved by Council?

- \$ based on property's impervious area
- Residential < 6 units, averages
- Residential > 6 units, ICI (including Ag), actual
- Remove \$ from water utility rates
- Develop & consult the public on a financial incentive program



How Are the Stormwater Fees Calculated?

Stormwater Fee

ts X Rate for 1 billing unit

Rates determined annually by Council



1 billing unit = 291 m^{2*}

Property Type	# Billing Units	
Detached homes (urban and rural)	1	
Semi-detached homes, townhomes, duplexes	0.5 per dwelling unit	
Triplex to sixplex	0.3 per dwelling unit	
Buildings > 6 units	Impervious area/avg home	
Institutional, commercial, industrial	Impervious area/avg home	
Agricultural with secondary structures/outbuildings	Impervious area/avg home	

*Average impervious area for a single-family detached home was determined by measuring a statistically relevant number of homes from across the City using aerial imagery ** Estimated 2025 rate for 1 billing unit is \$170

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Will an incentive program be available to reduce stormwater management fees?

- Yes it is being considered!
- Common practice (Mississauga, Kitchener, and Guelph etc.)
- Proposed subsidized programs for residential properties
- Proposed credits for agricultural properties with more than just a residence (as well as industrial, commercial, institutional and large multi-residential property owners)





Proposed Financial Incentives – Residential < 6 units

Grants/subsidies:

- Rain barrels
- Disconnect downspouts, backwater valves etc
- In-person 'how-to' advisory services
- Published 'how-to' information
- Rain gardens, permeable surfaces etc..

Reduce the quantity and improve the quality of stormwater runoff from residential properties





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Proposed Credit Program

Objective	Maximum Credit Amount		Description	Examples	
Slow it down	40%		Percent reduction of the 100-year storm post-development flow to pre-development conditions of the site.	Detention Ponds, cisterns	
Clean it up	25%		Remove ammonia and phosphorous. Remove 60-70% sediment (based on receiving waters).	Oil-grit separators, treatment facilities	
Soak it up	40%	Total max. 50%	Percent capture of first 28 mm of rainfall during a single rainfall event.	Infiltration facilities, re-use facilities	
Prevent pollution	15%		Develop and implement a pollution	Salt management plan, pesticide/manure management, sweeping, spill response plan, public education etc,	



Why not Provide Credits for Residential Properties < 6 units?



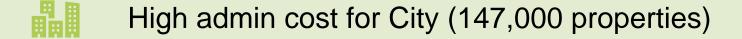
Low \$ payback for property owner (\$2-\$8 savings/month per unit)



Grants/subsidies provide upfront \$



Require effort and technical expertise to apply and renew credits





Why is the stormwater fee applied to rural properties ?

- City maintains rural stormwater system (ditches, culverts, watercourses etc.) that convey runoff from rural properties
- City spends > **\$2.6 million** on **rural drainage projects** + **\$11.7 million** on rural/urban initiatives
- Rural properties contribute ~ **\$1.5 million** towards stormwater (\$60 per home)
- Avg rural home impervious area = 2 x average urban home



'the rural areas of Grindstone and Spencer Creeks contribute sediment and phosphorous loadings to Hamilton Harbour particularly during precipitation and snow melt events"



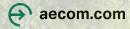


What Stormwater Work is Done in Rural Areas?

- Monitor & address phosphorous and sediment in Spencer & Grindstone Creeks
- Repair/prevent creek erosion
- Remove/prevent debris in creeks
- Inspect, repair & replace culverts
- Clean ditches
- Invasive species control







Property Info

- House plus outbuildings
- 104 ac
- Billing Units: 1 + 5.2
- Cistern and impervious areas discharged to green space
- Annual Stormwater Fee
- Estimated base charge: \$1,054
- Potential credit: (\$527)
- Total \$527



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Property Info

- House plus outbuildings
- 48 ac
- Billing Units: 1 + 13.2
- Impervious areas discharged to green space
- Annual Stormwater Fee
- Estimated base charge: \$2,584
- Potential credit: (<u>\$1,292</u>)
- Total \$1,292





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Property Info

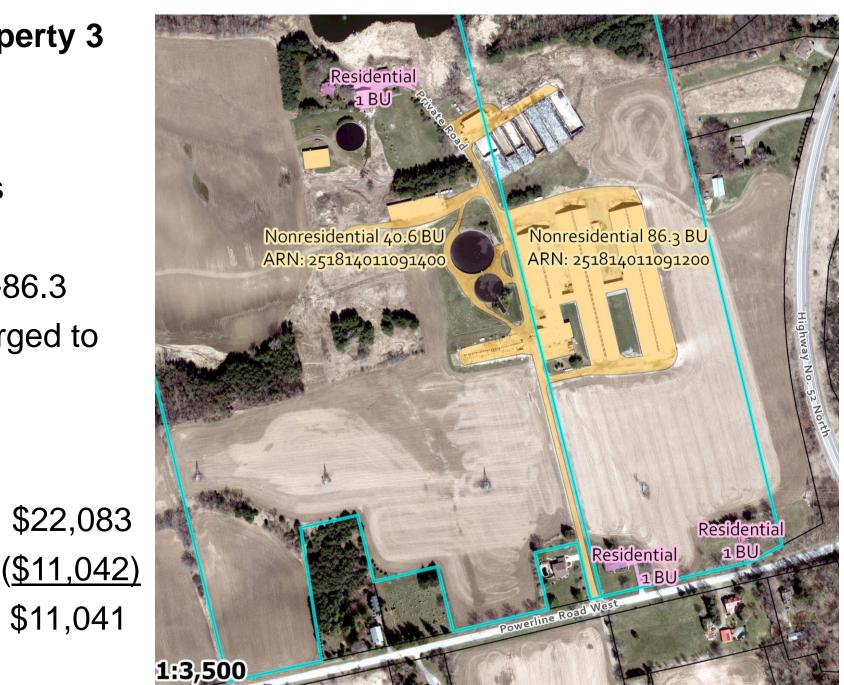
- Houses plus outbuildings
- 135 ac
- Billing Units: 3x1 + 40.6+86.3
- Impervious areas discharged to green space

Annual Stormwater Fee

\$22,083 • Estimated base charge:

\$11,041

- Potential credit:
- Total



Property Info

- House plus outbuildings
- 49 ac
- Billing Units: 1 + 55.2
- Impervious areas discharged to green space
- Annual Stormwater Fee
- Estimated base charge: \$9,554
- Potential credit:
- Total





\$4,777

Property Info

- House plus outbuildings
- 145 ac
- Billing Units: 1 + 33.1
- Impervious areas discharged to green space
- Annual Stormwater Fee
- Estimated base charge: \$5,797
- Potential credit: (<u>\$2,898)</u>
- Total \$2,899





Property Info

- Houses plus outbuildings
- 6 ac
- Billing Units: 2x1 + 54.3
- Impervious areas discharged to green space

Annual Stormwater Fee

- Estimated base charge: \$9,571
- Potential credit: (<u>\$4,786</u>)
- Total \$4,785





Property Info

- Outbuildings
- 158 ac
- Billing Units: 455.3
- Impervious areas discharged to green space
- Annual Stormwater Fee
- Estimated base charge: \$77,401
- Potential credit:
- Total \$3
- (<u>\$38,700)</u> \$38,701





Proposed Credit Application Process

- 1. Demonstrate that on-site infrastructure is maintained and working
- 2. Application and appeal processes to be confirmed & developed in 2024
- 3. Applications to be reviewed by Hamilton staff
- 4. Applications to open in early 2025



Stormwater Billing

- For those that receive municipal water/wastewater bills the stormwater fee will be added as a separate line item to the utility bill
- Water / wastewater rates will be restated, where applicable, when the stormwater fee is implemented
- For those that do not receive municipal water/wastewater bills the property will likely receive a 'stormwater only' utility bill
- Where water / wastewater bills are being billed to a condominium and not to individual owners, likely, the stormwater utility bill will follow suit
- Approved credits would be applied on the monthly bills



Timeline



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What Have We Heard Thus Far?

- Would like a survey specific to Agricultural Properties
- Should consider good on-site stormwater practices on farms (cisterns, runoff to soils/grass etc.)
- Credit application process should be simple
- Max credits should be >50%
- Need to communicate the new stormwater fee more widely



Complete the Survey:

Visit **engage.Hamilton.ca/stormwaterincentives** by December 3, 2023.

Contact Us

Visit:

- hamilton.ca/stormwaterfunding
- engage.hamilton.ca/stormwaterincentives

Email:

stormwaterfundingreview@hamilton.ca

Questions?