

July 11, 2013

Rose Caterini, City Clerk 71 Main Street West Hamilton, ON

Attention: Carolyn Biggs, Co-ordinator Committee Services/Council/Budgets

Subject: December 31, 2012 Audited Financial Statements

Please find attached, audited financial statements for the Hamilton Waterfront Trust for the year ended December 31, 2012. This completes the filing requirements of financial statements since the inception of the Hamilton Waterfront Trust.

Annual financial statement is required to be forwarded to your attention by the Hamilton Waterfront Trust. This statement is meant to fulfill the requirement for information under the deed agreement item (12) signed by the Corporation of the City of Hamilton and The Hamilton Harbour Commissioners dated November 24, 2000.

Yours truly,

Werner Plessl Executive Director

**Hamilton Waterfront Trust** 

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Hamilton Waterfront Trust Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2012

### Hamilton Waterfront Trust Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2012

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### Independent Auditor's Report

#### To the Board of Directors of Hamilton Waterfront Trust

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hamilton Waterfront Trust (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2012, and the statements of changes in net assets, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2012 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Comparative Information

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2 to the financial statements which describes that the Organization adopted Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations on January 1, 2012 with a transition date of January 1, 2011. These standards were applied retrospectively by management to the comparative information in these financial statements, including the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2011 and January 1, 2011, and the statements of changes in net assets, operations and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2011 and related disclosures. We were not engaged to report on the restated comparative information, and as such, it is unaudited.

#### Other Matters

As part of the 2012 statement of financial position, we audited the adjustment described in Note 2 that was applied to retrospectively adjust the 2011 financial statements. In our opinion, such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. We were not engaged to audit, review or apply any procedures to the 2011 financial statements of the Organization other than with respect to the adjustment, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the 2011 financial statements taken as a whole.

#### BDO CANADA LLP

Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants Burlington, Ontario May 7, 2013

## **Hamilton Waterfront Trust Statement of Financial Position**

	D	ecember 31 2012	D	ecember 31 2011	January 1 2011
Assets				(Note 2)	(Note 2)
Current Cash Short-term investment (Note 3) Accounts receivable Inventories and prepaid expenses	\$	98,433 63,290 78,472 24,105	\$	138,788 62,674 150,916 29,616	\$ 380,471 59,628 407,547 40,444
Capital assets (Note 4)		264,300 3,987,386		381,994 1,854,806	888,090 1,976,153
	\$	4,251,686	\$	2,236,800	\$ 2,864,243
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances Deferred revenue - Trillium Foundation Grant	\$	375,699 - -	\$	248,188 105,226 33,097	\$ 459,662 409,013
Deferred capital contributions (Note 5)	-	375,699 2,180,525		386,511 94,452	868,675 -
		2,556,224		480,963	868,675
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets (Note 6) Unrestricted	- Constants	1,806,861 (111,399)		1,760,354 (4,517)	1,976,153 19,415
		1,695,462		1,755,837	1,995,568
	\$	4,251,686	\$	2,236,800	\$ 2,864,243

On behalf of the Board:

# Hamilton Waterfront Trust Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended December 31

	Invested in Capital Assets	ı	Jnrestricted	Total 2012	Total 2011
	(Note 6)				(Note 2)
<b>Balance,</b> beginning of year	\$ 1,760,354	\$	(4,517) \$	1,755,837	\$ 2,236,053
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures	(135,968)		75,593	(60,375)	(480,216)
Investment in capital assets	 182,475		(182,475)	-	
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,806,861	\$	(111,399) \$	1,695,462	\$ 1,755,837

## **Hamilton Waterfront Trust Statement of Operations**

For the year ended December 31		2012	2011
			(Note 2)
Revenue			
Investment income	\$	1,917 \$	4,938
HST and GST rebate	•	134,656	43,974
Other income		257,143	206,389
Hamiltonian Tour Boat		37,359	30,403
Williams Fresh Cafe		1,607,639	1,490,865
Hamilton Harbour Queen		379,512	384,114
Hamilton Scoops		67,092	60,009
Hamilton Trolley		49,593	54,541
Fishing Derby		17,383	18,078
		•	
Waterfront Grill		30,728	25,138
Discovery Centre		202,737	39,413
Outdoor Ice Rink		137,321	124,020
Skate Rental		54,048	37,290
	<del></del>	2,977,128	2,519,172
Expenses			
Advertising and promotion		1,648	18,468
Bank charges		8,200	8,278
Building expenses		28,724	10,992
Dues and memberships		1,431	1,824
Equipment expenses		2,942	2,620
Insurance		5,262	2,795
Office expenses		12,469	23,100
Professional fees		8,240	20,489
Salaries and benefits		257,911	279,944
Telephone		6,266	(930)
Travel		3,663	4,545
Other expenses		54,863	127,000
Hamiltonian Tour Boat		26,077	19,484
Williams Fresh Cafe		1,534,976	1,432,611
Hamilton Harbour Queen		387,303	363,843
Hamilton Scoops		44,921	39,980
Hamilton Trolley		61,755	71,173
Fishing Derby		17,382	22,190
Waterfront Grill		31,355	28,161
Discovery Centre		243,497	226,740
Outdoor Ice Rink		141,260	109,070
Skate Rental		21,390	34,803
		2,901,535	2,847,180
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses			
before amortization		75,593	(328,008)
Other revenue (expense)			
Amortization of capital assets		(153,498)	(159,887)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		17,530	7,679
		(135,968)	(152,208)
Deficiency of revenue over expenses for the year	\$	(60,375) \$	(480,216)

## **Hamilton Waterfront Trust Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended December 31	2012	_	2011
			(Note 2)
Cash flows from operating activities		_	
Deficiency of revenue over expenses for the year Adjustments to reconcile deficiency of revenue over expenses to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (60,375)	\$	(480,216)
Amortization of capital assets	153,498		159,887
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(17,530)		(7,679)
Unrealized gain on investment Changes in non-cash working capital balances	(616)		(3,046)
Accounts receivable	72,444		256,631
Inventories and prepaid expenses	5,511		10,828
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	127,511		(211,474)
Government remittances	 (105,226)		(303,787)
	 175,217		(578,856)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds on deferred capital contributions	2,103,604		328,925
Adjustments and sales tax rebates for capital assets	•		78,914
Purchase of capital assets Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	(2,286,079)		(103,763)
- Trillium Foundation Grant	 (33,097)		33,097
	(215,572)		337,173
Decrease in cash during the year	(40,355)		(241,683)
Cash, beginning of year	138,788		380,471
Cash, end of year	\$ 98,433	\$	138,788

#### **December 31, 2012**

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Business**

The purpose of the Hamilton Waterfront Trust (the "Organization") is to improve and develop lands around the Hamilton Harbour and to encourage the local community to enjoy the Bay area. Hamilton is a culturally and ethnically diversified mosaic. Therefore, the Hamilton Waterfront Trust helps to promote the image of Hamilton to businesses and individuals over a wide radius.

#### Basis of Presentation

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the following business operations:

- The Hamiltonian Tour Boat
- Williams Fresh Cafe
- The Hamilton Harbour Queen Tour Boat
- The Hamilton Scoops
- The Hamilton Trolley
- Waterfront Grill
- Discovery Centre
- Outdoor Ice Rink
- Skate Rental

The Organization was incorporated under the Ontario Corporations Act as a not-for-profit organization and is a registered charity under the Federal Income Tax Act.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared using Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Unrestricted revenues are recognized when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted contributions relating to the purchase of amortizable capital assets are amortized on the same basis as the related assets.

Deferred capital contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized and unallocated amount of grants received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations.

The Organization recognizes all other revenues when services are performed or goods are sold, there is no uncertainty as to the customer acceptance, the price to the buyer is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

#### **December 31, 2012**

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is based on their estimated useful life using the following methods and rates or terms:

Boats - 15 years straight-line
Building - 5% diminishing balance
Computer equipment - 30% diminishing balance
Dock - 5% diminishing balance
Furniture and equipment - 20% diminishing balance
Trolleys - 15 years straight-line
Truck - 30% diminishing balance

Leasehold improvements - straight-line over the term of the lease

Construction in progress is not amortized as the assets are not in use. Amortization for boats and automotive capital assets are prorated for months in use.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

#### Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, pooled funds are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reported in operations. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each statement of financial position date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

#### December 31, 2012

#### 2. Adoption of Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations

Effective January 1, 2012, the Organization adopted the requirements of the new accounting framework, Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO) or Part III of the requirements of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) Handbook – Accounting. These are the Organization's first financial statements prepared in accordance with this framework and the transitional provisions of Section 1501, First-time Adoption have been applied. Section 1501 requires retrospective application of the accounting standards with certain elective exemptions and mandatory exceptions. The accounting policies set out in Note 1 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 and in the preparation of an opening ASNPO statement of financial position at the date of transition of January 1, 2011.

The Organization issued financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 using Canadian generally accepted accounting principles prescribed by the CICA Handbook – Accounting Part V – Pre-changeover Accounting Standards. The comparative information is unaudited. The adoption of ASNPO resulted in no adjustments to the previously reported assets, liabilities, net assets, deficiency of revenues over expenditures and cash flows of the Organization.

During the year management noted that deferred capital contributions were overstated. As a result, 2011 deferred capital contributions decreased by \$234,473, other revenue decreased by \$6,012 and net assets invested in capital assets increased by \$240,485.

#### 3. Short-term Investment

The investment is with Seamark Asset Management Ltd. and is invested in the Seamark Pooled Short-term Fund, and is recorded at fair value.

#### **December 31, 2012**

	_		_	
4.	Ca	pital	Ass	ets

Capital Assets			2012			2011
						(Note 2)
		Cost	 cumulated ortization	Cost		Accumulated Amortization
Boats Building Computer equipment Dock Furniture and equipment Trolleys Truck Leasehold improvements Construction in progress		951,264 17,016 37,009 15,522 120,397 276,946 41,977 3,484,670	\$ 237,388 4,093 30,980 5,302 95,126 56,402 30,183 497,941	\$ 951,264 17,016 30,139 15,522 117,573 276,943 41,977 1,113,838 94,451	\$	216,248 3,874 28,396 4,764 89,217 50,245 25,129 386,044
	\$	4,944,801	\$ 957,415	\$ 2,658,723	\$	803,917
Net book value			\$ 3,987,386		\$	1,854,806
			 _		•	

During 2012, the Organization purchased capital assets of \$2,286,079 (2011 - \$103,763) of which \$96,130 (2011 - \$NIL) are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at year end.

#### 5. Deferred Capital Contributions

Restricted capital contributions are amortized on the same basis as the underlying capital assets.

		2012	2011
	_		(Note 2)
Balance, beginning of year Add: contributions received and receivable Less: contributions recognized as revenue	\$ 	94,452 2,103,603 (17,530)	\$ 102,131 (7,679)
Balance, end of year	\$	2,180,525	\$ 94,452

#### **December 31, 2012**

6.	Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets		2012	2011
				(Note 2)
	Capital assets, net Deferred capital contributions - unamortized	\$ —	3,987,386 (2,180,525)	\$ 1,854,806 (94,452)
		\$	1,806,861	\$ 1,760,354

#### 7. Commitments

The Organization leases premises at an annual rent of \$33,500 plus applicable taxes pursuant to a lease that expires October 31, 2019.

Future minimum payments under operating leases with terms in excess of one year are as follows:

2013	-	\$ 47,000
2014	-	47,000
2015	-	47,000
2016	-	47,000
2017	-	47,000
Thereafter	-	565,417

#### 8. Financial Instruments

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument defaults on their financial obligations. The Organization's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk relate primarily to its accounts receivable balances. This risk has not changed from the prior year.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of operational liquidity requirements, the Organization will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on a due date; will be forced to sell financial assets at a value which is less than what they are worth; or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset. Liquidity risk arises from the Organization's accounts payable and accrued liabilities and commitments. This risk has not changed from the prior year.

#### **Market Risk**

Market risk arises from the possibility that changes in market prices will affect the level of investments held by the Organization. The Organization is exposed to market risk through its pooled fund investments. This risk has not changed from the prior year.